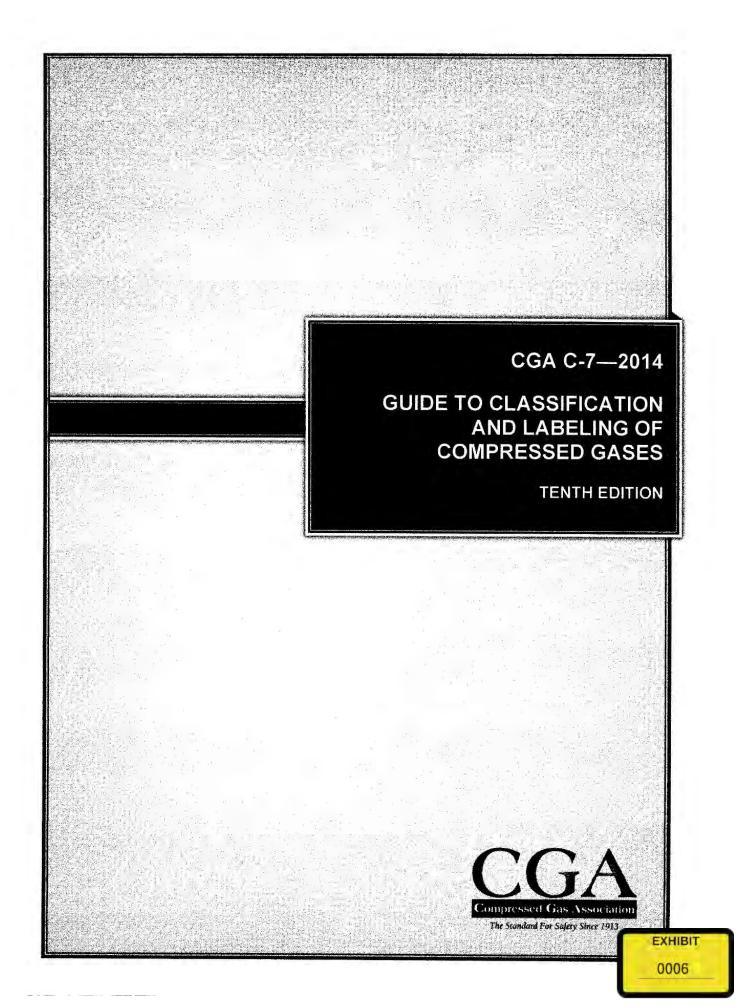
EXHIBIT 23



PLEASE NOTE:

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Work Item 15-014
Hazard Communication Committee

NOTE—Due to the extensive changes in this document, technical changes from the previous edition are not identified.

NOTE—Appendices A, B, C, D, E, F, and G (Normative) are requirements.

TENTH EDITION: 2014 NINTH EDITION: 2011 EIGHTH EDITION: 2004 SEVENTH EDITION: 2000

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1 Introduction

The compressed gas industry has developed precautionary labels and markings for use on containers of compressed gases, cryogenic liquids, and other hazardous materials for the purpose of identifying the contents, warning of principal physical, health, and environmental hazards, and providing appropriate precautionary information following the *Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals* (GHS) as allowed by the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) [1].

GHS was established by the United Nations (UN) to develop a means of hazard classification and communication via labels, pictograms, and consistent hazard language on a global basis. Internationally, competent authorities may adopt the GHS in whole or in part and may also require additional information on labels.

2 Scope

The Compressed Gas Association (CGA) has prepared this publication to state the general principles for labels and markings and give recommended minimum requirements for many hazardous gases and selected liquids. Additional information may be shown by gas suppliers if desired.

The methods of preparing label information established by GHS as required by Title 29 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (29 CFR) Part 1910.1200 (OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard) have been followed to meet the specific labeling and marking needs of the compressed gas industry [1, 2]. OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard and the currently referenced edition of GHS shall be used in conjunction with this publication when classifying products and creating labels [2, 1].

This publication is not intended to address state, provincial, territorial, or local regulatory label and marking requirements such as the "Proposition 65" warnings required by the state of California.

Labels shall be applied to compressed gas and cryogenic liquid containers to identify the container contents and to warn of principal physical and health hazards associated with the container and its contents. Containers in transportation not exceeding 454 kg (1000 lb) water capacity require the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) and Transport Canada (TC) hazard label.

Labels as given herein with regard to cylinder handling and storage information may be modified with respect to format so they can be applied as required to fixed storage vessels, portable tanks, tube trailers, cargo tanks, or other packaging.

Labels shown in this publication are examples of labels and markings that warn of principal physical and health hazards involved in the handling and use of these specific products. The words label or labeling as used in this publication include labels, markings, decals, tags, stenciling, and similar methods of presenting precautionary information.

Appendix A illustrates the basic marking consisting of DOT or TC proper shipping name; identification number; and 30-mm (1.25-in) diamond, which is permitted under conditions authorized by DOT and TC regulations as an alternative to the DOT/TC 100-mm (3.9-in) diamond label and marking [3, 4].

Appendices B and C, provide additional labeling and marking information to aid in complying with applicable regulations of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the labeling of medical gases, including mixtures, that are classified as drugs and medical devices.

Appendix D includes the GHS classifications and corresponding hazard and precautionary phrases, signal word, and GHS pictograms for the pure gases listed in this publication. This appendix also contains DOT's transportation classifications and CGA-developed hazard and precautionary phrases.

Appendix E provides a decision tree to determine the classification of gaseous mixtures in accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard [2].

¹ References are shown by bracketed numbers and are listed in the order of appearance in the reference section.

3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the gas supplier to ensure that the labels adequately warn of physical, health, and environmental hazards, provide appropriate precautionary measures, and comply with applicable governmental regulations. These regulations include the requirements of DOT, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), FDA, OSHA, and in Canada, TC and Health Products and Food Branch Inspectorate (HPFBI).

It is also the responsibility of the gas supplier to monitor all applicable state, provincial, territorial, and local regulations.

Those handling and using compressed gas containers have a responsibility to read and follow the recommendations from the precautionary information on labels, markings, and the safety data sheets (SDSs). It is also important that users obtain the knowledge and expertise to safely use the gas, container, and related apparatus.

The most important safety statement on any gas container label or marking is the name of the product in the container. Every user shall check the name of the product on the container label or marking before use to be sure that the product is suitable for the particular application. This product identification should bring to the user's mind the product's physical and health hazards and safety precautions. These precautions should be followed to handle and use the product safely.

The handler or user of compressed gas containers shall not rely on the color of the container to identify the product. The availability of more than one hundred gases and innumerable mixtures makes it impossible to develop a practical color marking system for industrial containers.

Compressed gas container labels and markings are not an instruction manual for operating equipment in conjunction with the container. Operating instructions for gas-use apparatus should be obtained by the user from the manufacturer or supplier of the equipment. These instructions should be read and understood before using the apparatus with a particular gas.

4 Definitions

The following terms are used in this publication. The definitions apply specifically to the use of these terms on labels for compressed gas containers.

4.1 Publication terminology

4.1.1 Shall

Indicates that the procedure is mandatory. Shall is used wherever the criterion for confirmation to specific recommendations allows no deviation.

4.1.2 **Should**

Indicates that a procedure is recommended.

4.1.3 May

Indicates that the procedure is optional.

NOTE— GHS uses the term "may" in its hazard and precautionary phrases to indicate a possibility or ability.

4.1.4 Will

Is used only to indicate the future, not a degree of requirement.

4.1.5 Can

Indicates a possibility or ability.

4.2 Technical definitions

4.2.1 Adequate ventilation

A condition falling within any or all of the following categories:

- Ventilation to reduce levels of the air contaminant below that which may cause personal injury or illness;
 - NOTE—Values have been established by many sources for specific chemicals such as permissible exposure limits, threshold limit values, and short-term exposure limits.
- Ventilation sufficient to prevent accumulation to a concentration of contaminant vapor in air at a level in excess of 25% of the level set for the lower flammable limit; or
- Ventilation sufficient to prevent oxygen-deficient (less than 19.5%) or oxygen-enriched (greater than 23.5%) atmospheres.

4.2.2 Carcinogen (Cancer hazard or cancer suspect agent)

A chemical substance or mixture of chemical substances which induces cancer or increase its incidence.

4.2.3 Corrosive liquid or gas

A liquid or gas when in contact with living tissue causes full thickness destruction of the human skin within a specified period of time [3].

NOTE-In this publication, this term shall not refer to action on metal surfaces.

4.2.4 Critical temperature

The temperature above which a pure gas cannot be liquefied, regardless of the degree of compression.

4.2.5 Cryogenic liquid

A refrigerated liquefied gas having a boiling point colder than -90 °C (-130 °F) at 101.3 kPa, abs (14.7 psia) [3]. ²

4.2.6 Flammable gas

A gas having a flammable range with air at 20 °C and a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa and is classified in one of the two categories:

- Category 1—Gases, which at 20 °C and a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa:
 - are ignitable when in a mixture of 13% or less by volume in air; or
 - have a flammable range with air of at least 12 percentage points regardless of the lower flammable limit; or
- Category 2—Gases, other than those of Category 1, which, at 20 °C and a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa, have a flammable range while mixed in air [2].

NOTE—Ammonia and methyl bromide may be regarded as special cases for some regulatory purposes.

4.2.7 Flammable liquid

A liquid having a flash point of not more than 93 °C and is classified in one of four categories:

- Category 1—Flash point < 23 °C and initial boiling point ≤ 35 °C;
- Category 2—Flash point < 23 °C and initial boiling point > 35 °C;
- Category 3—Flash point ≥ 23 °C and ≤ 60 °C; or
- Category 4—Flash point > 60 °C and ≤ 93 °C [2].

² kPa shall indicate gauge pressure unless otherwise noted as (kPa, abs) for absolute pressure or (kPa, differential) for differential pressure. All kPa values are rounded off per CGA P-11, *Metric Practice Guide for the Compressed Gas Industry* [5].

4.2.8 Flash point

The minimum temperature at which a substance gives off flammable vapors that when in contact with sparks or flame ignites when tested in accordance with Title 49 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (49 CFR) Part 173.120(c) [3].

4.2.9 Gas

A normally formless fluid that occupies the space of enclosure and can be changed to the liquid or solid state by the effect of increased pressure, decreased temperature, or both. A gas diffuses.

4.2.9.1 Gases under pressure

Gases are classified, according to their physical state when packaged, in one of four groups:

4.2.9.2 Compressed gas (non-liquefied compressed gas)

A gas which when packaged under pressure is entirely gaseous at -50 °C (-58 °F); including all gases with a critical temperature less than or equal to -50 °C (-58 °F) [3].

4.2.9.3 Liquefied gas (liquefied compressed gas)

A gas when packaged under pressure, is partially liquid at temperatures above -50 °C (-58 °F). A distinction is made between:

- High pressure liquefied gas: a gas with a critical temperature between ~50 °C(-58 °F) and 65 °C (149 °F);
 and
- Low pressure liquefied gas: a gas with a critical temperature above 65 °C (149 °F) [3].

4.2.9.4 Refrigerated liquefied gas

A gas when packaged is made partially liquid because of its low temperature.

4.2.9.5 Dissolved gas

A non-liquefied compressed gas which, when packaged under pressure, is dissolved in a liquid phase solvent.

4.2.10 High pressure gas

A liquefied or compressed gas in a container that has a pressure of 3450 kPa (500 psi) or higher at 21.1 °C (70 °F).

4.2.11 Irritation

The result of a chemical, either liquid or gas (not a corrosive chemical), that causes a reversible inflammatory effect on living tissue at the site of contact (such as eyes, skin, or respiratory tract).

4.2.12 Label

Printed and graphic material that contains hazard and precautionary phrases, pictograms, and other regulatory requirements applied to a compressed gas or liquid container.

NOTE—Illustrative examples are shown in Section 9 and Appendices A, B and C. DOT, TC, OSHA, and FDA define the term label and the required content differently within each of their specific regulations. See Section 5 and Appendix A for DOT/TC and OSHA requirements and Appendices B and C for FDA requirements.

4.2.13 Liquid

A substance or mixture which at 50 °C (122 °F) has a vapor pressure of not more than 300 kPa (44 psi), which is not completely gaseous at 20 °C (68 °F) and at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (14.7 psi), and which has a melting point or initial melting point of 20 °C (68 °F) or less at a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa (14.7 psi) [2].

4.2.14 Mixture

A mixture or a solution composed of two or more substances in which they do not react.

4.2.15 Oxidizing gas

Any gas that can, generally by providing oxygen, cause or contribute to the combustion of other material more than air does.

NOTE—Pure gases or mixtures with an oxidizing potential greater than 23.5 % oxygen in nitrogen by volume as defined in ISO 10156:2010 or an equivalent testing method are regarded as oxidizing for DOT, TC, and OSHA regulatory purposes [6].

4.2.16 Toxic

A gas or liquid that creates an immediate hazard to health by inhalation, ingestion, or skin absorption and can be fatal in low concentrations.

4.2.17 Pyrophoric gas

A gas that ignites spontaneously in air at or below a temperature of 54 °C (130 °F).

5 Label and marking description

5.1 U.S. Department of Transportation/Transport Canada

DOT and TC labels and markings are color-coded, 100 mm (3.9 in), diamond-shaped labels and markings for labeling hazardous materials specified in DOT's Hazardous Materials Regulations found in 49 CFR and the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations of TC [3, 4]. A reduction in the size of the diamond-shaped labels is permitted under conditions authorized by DOT and TC regulations, as detailed in Appendix A.

The appropriate hazard symbol shall be shown in the upper comer of the diamond(s). The appropriate hazard class number or division number shall be displayed in the lower corner of the diamond label for both primary and subsidiary hazard labels and markings. In the United States, text indicating the hazard such as flammable gas is not required on the diamond, except when the text "oxygen" is required as detailed in Appendix A, Figure A-5 [3]. In Canada, such text is not permitted on labels except for shipments originating from the United States under the reciprocity provisions of the TC regulations [4]. Wherever practical, the marking shall be located at the valve end of the container and off the cylindrical part of the body.

Compressed gas containers shall be legibly marked with the DOT or TC proper shipping name and the product identification number preceded by UN or NA. Marking shall be by means of stenciling, stamping, or labeling, and shall not be easily removable [3, 4].

Containers containing a hazardous substance that meet or exceed the reportable quantity as listed in Appendix A of the Hazardous Materials Table in 49 CFR 172.101 shall be marked with the letters RQ [3].

In the United States, containers of 2.3 toxic gases or ammonia shall be marked with the words INHALATION HAZARD. These markings shall appear in association with the proper shipping name [3]. The required label for materials classified as 2.3 toxic gases is shown in Figure 1. If the label or marking does not include the words INHALATION HAZARD, it shall be marked elsewhere on the package [3].

For air shipments of packages and overpacks containing cryogenic liquids, the cryogenic liquid handling labels and markings shall be used in addition to the nonflammable gas (Division 2.2) hazard label as shown in Figure 2 [7].

Vessel transportation of cylinders containing gases listed as marine pollutants in Appendix B of the Hazardous Materials Table in 49 CFR 172.101 shall be marked with the marine pollutant mark in association with the hazard warning label as in Figure 3 [3].

5.2 U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Applicable GHS pictograms, as illustrated in Figure 4, shall be affixed to indicate hazards in the workplace. The GHS pictogram shall be no less than 16 mm (0.63 in) on each side inclusive of the red border and oriented as a square-on-point (diamond). Where a pictogram (i.e., DOT label) required by 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the pictogram specified in C.4 of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].



Figure 1—Inhalation hazard label

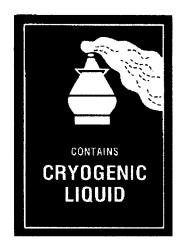


Figure 2—Cryogenic liquid label



Figure 3—Marine pollutant mark



Figure 4—GHS pictograms

6 General principles

The following is a guide to the general principles in preparing labels for compressed gas containers. For effectiveness, all statements on labels should be brief, accurate, and expressed in simple, easily understood terms.

Precautionary information should be used only as appropriate. Excessive information should not be used. Unnecessary wording on labels could develop a disregard for the labels and markings. It is desirable to use uniform precautionary wording when indicating the same hazards for different gases.

Precautionary statements should be in legible type that is in contrast by typography or layout with other printed matter on the labels and markings. The label should be displayed in a conspicuous place on the container so it can easily be read by the handler or user.

Any additional information regarding hazards, precautionary information, response, and storage and disposal should appear in the appropriate section of a product's SDS. The information on the label shall be consistent with the SDS, and the label shall reference the product's SDS.

6.1 Gas mixtures

Gas mixtures can have properties that are similar to or that vary in kind or degree from those of the individual components. Labels for mixtures shall be based on the physical and health hazards of the finished mixture product if that product has been tested as a whole or, in the United States, based on the physical and health hazards of its ingredients in accordance with the criteria given in OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard [2].

For additional information, see Appendix E.

6.2 DOT-4L/TC-4LM liquid cylinders

All DOT-4L/TC-4LM liquid cylinders shall have additional product identification visible from all directions. Refer to Appendix F for additional instructions.

7 Specific requirements

7.1 Label content for hazard communication

Information required on labels as specified by OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard is as follows:

- product identifier;
- signal word;
- symbol(s)/pictogram(s);
- hazard statement(s);
- precautionary statements (prevention, response, storage, and disposal); and
- name, telephone number, and address of the manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party [2].

7.1.1 Product identifier

Product identifier can be the name used for a gas and/or the proper shipping name. It provides a unique means by which the user can identify the gas. The product identifier used shall permit cross references to be made among the list of gases required in the written hazard communication program, the label, and the SDS.

7.1.2 Signal word

The signal word shall indicate the relative degree of severity of a hazard in the diminishing order of DANGER or WARNING. When a product has more than one hazard, only the signal word corresponding to the class of the greatest immediate hazard shall be used. The assignment of signal words is based upon the hazard classification.

7.1.2.1 Danger

The signal word DANGER shall be used on labels and markings of flammable Category 1; toxic Category 1 through 3; corrosive Category 1; oxidizing; and similar gases where the release of gas to the atmosphere would create an immediate physical hazard or significant acute or chronic health hazard.

7.1.2.2 Warning

The signal word WARNING shall be used on labels and markings of flammable Category 2; toxic Category 4; corrosive Category 2 and Category 3; inert gases; and cryogenic liquids where a release of gas or liquid creates a less than immediate hazard but can be hazardous to health or property under certain conditions.

The use of the word "WARNING" for medical gases, as shown in Appendices B and C, should not be confused with the signal word required by OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard [2].

7.1.3 Hazard statement

A hazard statement (such as FLAMMABLE GAS) gives notice of the hazards present in connection with the customary or reasonably anticipated handling or use of the product and shall follow the signal word. If a product has several hazardous properties, a statement of each significant hazard shall be included. Examples of hazard statements and associated signal words are shown in Table 1.

Table 1—Hazard statements & associated signal words

Hazard statement	Associated signal word	
Extremely flammable gas		
May form explosive mixtures with air		
Toxic if inhaled		
Corrosive gas and/or liquid		
May cause eye, skin, and respiratory burns	DANGER	
May cause central nervous system damage		
May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer		
May cause cancer		
Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air		
Flammable gas		
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated	WARNING	
Harmful if inhaled		
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation		

7.1.4 Precautionary statement

Precautionary statements (such as "Do not breathe gas") are intended to supplement, the hazard statement(s) by briefly describing measures to be taken to avoid injury or damage from stated hazards. Normally, one or more precautionary measures accompany each hazard statement.

7.1.4.1 Response (first aid, emergency response, accidental spillage or exposure)

Instructions in case of contact and exposure shall be included where the results of contact or exposure are severe and immediate treatment is desirable, and where simple remedial measures may be taken safely before medical assistance is available. These instructions shall be limited to recognized procedures based on simple methods and commonly available materials. Simple remedial measures (such as washing or removing clothing) shall be included where they lessen injury following contact or exposure.

Additional instructions in case of fire or leak may be included on the labels or in safety literature referenced on the label. Such references on the label to safety literature could include SDSs, supplier's safety booklets, or CGA publications.

7.1.4.2 Storage (handling and storage)

Important instructions for handling and storage (such as "Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place" and "Close valve after each use and when empty") should be included on the label.

Additional instructions for container handling and storage may be included on the labels or in safety literature referenced on the label. Such references on the label to safety literature could include SDSs, supplier's safety booklets, or CGA publications.

7.2 Label content for transport

See Appendix A for information on DOT/TC requirements.

7.3 Label content for medical applications

See Appendices B and C for additional FDA requirements.

7.4 Mixture classification

See Appendix E for information regarding the classification of mixtures.

8 Label groups

Gases and liquids in this publication are grouped according to the most commonly associated principal hazard. The illustrative label for each listed gas or liquid can be found in the section indicated in Table 2.

Table 2-Label groups by principal hazard

Asphyxiant gases	9.1
Argon	9.1.1
Argon, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases	
Bromochlorodifluoromethane (R12B1)	9.1.3
Bromotrifluoromethane (R13B1)	9.1.3
Carbon Dioxide	9.1.4
Carbon Dioxide, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases	
Chlorodifluoromethane (R22)	9.1.3
Chloroheptafluorocyclobutane (RC317)	9.1.2
Chloropentafluoroethane (R115)	9.1.3
Chloropentafluoroethane-Chlorodifluoromethane (R502)	9.1.3
1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (R124)	9.1.3
1-Chloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane (R133a)	9.1.3
Chlorotrifluoromethane (R13)	9.1.3
1,2-Dibromotetrafluoroethane (R114B2)	9.1.2
1,2-Dichlorodifluoroethylene (R1112a)	9.1.2
Dichlorodifluoromethane (R12)	9.1.3
Dichlorofluoromethane (R21)	9.1.3
1,2-Dichlorohexafluorocyclobutane (RC316)	9.1.2
1,1-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (R114a)	9.1.3
1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (R114)	9.1.3
Helium	9.1.1
Helium, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases	
Heptafluoropropane (R227)	9.1.2
Hexafluoroethane (R116)	9.1.2
Hexafluoropropylene (R1216)	9.1.2
Krypton	9.1.1
Neon	9.1.1
Neon, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases	
Nitrogen	9.1.1
Nitrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases	
Octafluorocyclobutane (RC318)	9.1.2
Octafluoropropane (R218) (perfluoropropane)	9.1.2
Pentachlorofluoroethane (R111)	9.1.3
Pentafluoroethane (R125)	9.1.2
Sulfur Hexafluoride	9.1.2
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro-2,2-difluoroethane (R112a)	9.1.3
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro-1,2-difluoroethane (R112)	9.1.3
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)	9.1.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoro-1-Chloroethane (R124a)	9.1.3
Tetrafluoromethane (R14) (Carbon tetrafluoride)	9.1.1
Trifluoromethane (R23) (Fluoroform)	9.1.5
Xenon	9.1.1

Allene (Propadiene) 1,3-Butadiene Butane 1-Butene 2-Butene 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b) Cyclopropane Deutenium 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethyl Methyl Ether Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases lsobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.7 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.3 9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13 9.2.1
1,3-Butadiene Butane 1-Butene 2-Butene 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b) Cyclopropane Deutenium 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.11 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.3 9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13
Butane 1-Butene 2-Butene 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b) Cyclopropane Deutenium 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.3 9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13
1-Butene 2-Butene 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b) Cyclopropane Deutenum 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1 9.2.1 9.2.3 9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13
2-Butene 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b) Cyclopropane Deutenium 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Chloride Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1 9.2.3 9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13
1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b) Cyclopropane Deutenum 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1 9.2.3 9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13
Cyclopropane Deutenum 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.3 9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13 9.2.1
Deuterium 1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.8 9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13 9.2.1
1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a) Difluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13 9.2.1
Diffluoromethane (R32) Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13 9.2.1
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Dimethyl Ether 2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane) Ethane Ethyl Acetylene Ethyl Chloride Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Chloride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.13 9.2.1
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Ethyl Methyl Ether Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.14
Ethylene Hydrogen Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.13
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Hydrogen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.8
Isobutane Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	<u> </u>
Isobutylene Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
Methane Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
Methyl Acetylene Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.9
Methyl Chloride Methyl Fluoride Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
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Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether) Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
Natural Gas Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.2
Propane Propylene 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.9
Propylene : 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) : Vinyl Bromide : Vinyl Chlonde : Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a) Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
Vinyl Bromide Vinyl Chloride Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.1
Vinyl Chloride Strong S	9.2.11
Vinyl Fluoride	9.2.12
	9.2.4
그는 그 사람이 되는 그를 통해 하는 것이 가장 하는 것들이 가장 있다면 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 그를 보는 것은 것이 되었다. 그를 모양하는 것이 없었다.	9,3
Hydrogen Cyanide	9.3.2
	9.3.1
	9.4
	9.4.3
	9.4.2
	9.4.1
	9.5
	9.5.4
	9.5.3
Nitrous Oxide, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases	9.5.3 9.5.1
Oxygen Oxygen, liquid; see Refrigerated liquefied gases	

Refrigerated liquefied gases	9.6	
Argon, Refrigerated Liquid	9.6.1	
Carbon Dioxide, Refrigerated Liquid	9.6.2	
Helium, Refrigerated liquid	9.6.3	
Hydrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	9.6.4	
Neon, Refrigerated Liquid		
Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	9.6.1	
Nitrous Oxide, Refrigerated Liquid		
Oxygen, Refrigerated Liquid		
Toxic liquids and gases	9.7	
Arsine	9.7.3	
Carbon Monoxide	9.7.1	
Carbonyl Sulfide	9.7.5	
Cyanogen	9.7.4	
Deuterium Selenide	9.7.4	
Diborane	9.7.8	
Ethylene Oxide	9.7.11	
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Hydrogen Selenide	9.7.4	
Hydrogen Sulfide	9.7.6	
Methyl Bromide	9.7.9	
Methyl Mercaptan	9.7.10	
Phosphine	9.7.7	
Trifluorochloroethylene (R1113)		
Toxic and corrosive liquids and gases	9.7.12 9.8	
Boron Trichloride	9.8.1	
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Deuterium Chloride		
Dichlorosilarie	9.8.1 9.8.5	
Hydrogen Bromide	9.8.1	
Hydrogen Chloride	9.8.1	
Hydrogen Fluoride	9.8.6	
Hydrogen lodide	9.8.1	
Phosgene	9.8.7	
Silicon Tetrafluoride	9,8,2	
Sulfur Dioxide	9.8.1	
Tungsten Hexafluoride	9.8.8	
Toxic, oxidizing, and corrosive gases	9.9	
Chlorine Trifluoride	9.9.1	
Fluorine		
Nitric Oxide		
Nitrogen Dioxide (Dintrogen Tetroxide)		
Corrosive liquids and gases		
Anhydrous Ammonia		
Dimethylamine		
Monoethylamine		
Monomethylamine	9.10.3 9.10.3	
Trichlorosilane		
Trimethylamine	9.10.2	

9 Illustrative labels

The following are examples of labels for compressed gas and cryogenic liquid containers prepared in accordance with the general principles given in this publication and showing minimum requirements.

These illustrative labels might not contain all language necessary to comply with government regulations such as those of DOT, EPA, FDA, HPFBI, OSHA, TC, and other applicable state, provincial, territorial, and local agencies. It is the responsibility of the gas supplier to ensure that the label contains any additional information necessary to comply with applicable government regulations.

These illustrative labels show minimum warnings based upon sources, technical information, and experience at the time this edition was published. They are subject to periodic review and might change as new information becomes available.

A code designation (e.g., H280) has been included on the illustrative labels for each hazard and precautionary phrase for reference purposes only. This coding designates the source and specific text of the phrase but is not part of the statement and shall not appear on the label. Codes OSHA-H01 and OSHA-PG01 or codes in the format H### or P### are GHS/OSHA-developed phrases. CGA has developed additional hazard and precautionary phrases, indicated by codes that start with "CGA," to convey further information. These additional CGA hazard and precautionary phrases are listed in Appendix G.

Unless an asterisk notes an exception, the OSHA and CGA phrases shown on the illustrative labels are required.

9.1 Asphyxiant gases

9.1.1	Argon Nitro Helium Tetro Krypton Xeno Neon	afluoromethane (R14)	
NOTE—The nu on the label.	mber in parentheses is a refrigerant designat	ion that is shown here for reference only a	and is not require
			Codes
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURI	•	H280
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAU	SE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	Do not handle until all safety precaution	ons have been read and understood.	P202
	Use and store only outdoors or in a we	ell-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Use a back flow preventive device in t	he piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment rated for cylin	nder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Close valve after each use and when	•	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient te		CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Shee	- ,	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh breathing. Get medical advice/attention	•	P304, P340, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT	_ABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols			
GHS pictogram(s) Gas Cylinder			
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas		

9.1.2	Chloroheptafluorocyclobutane (RC317)	He
	1,2-Dibromotetrafluoroethane (R114B2)	Oct
	1,2-Dichlorodifluoroethylene (R1112a)	Oct
	1,2-Dichlorohexafluorocyclobutane (RC316)	Per
	Heptafluoropropane (R227)	Sul
	Hexafluoroethane (R116)	1.1

Hexafluoropropylene (R1216)
Octafluorocyclobutane (RC318)
Octafluoropropane (R218)
Pentafluoroethane (R125)
Sulfur Hexafluoride
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)

NOTE—The numbers in parentheses are refrigerant designations that are shown here for reference only and are not required on the label.

		Codes
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	*HARMFUL IF INHALED.	H332
	*MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.	H335
	*MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO LIVER AND KIDNEY.	H370
	*MAY CAUSE KIDNEY DAMAGE THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.	H373
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	*Avoid breathing gas.	P261
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313
	** IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P304, P340, P312
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

These hazard and precautionary phrases shall appear on the label for Hexafluoropropylene (R1216).

^{**} The first aid phrases P304, P340, P312 shall be used in place of P304, P340, P313 on the label for Hexafluoropropylene (R1216).

Required symbols			
GHS pictogram(s) Gas Cylinder, *Health Hazard, *Exclamation Mark			
Transportation label(s) 2.2 Nonflammable Gas			

9.1.3	Bromochlorodifluoromethane (R12B1)	Dichlorodifluoromethane (R12)
	Bromotrifluoromethane (R13B1)	Dichlorofluoromethane (R21)
	Chlorodifluoromethane (R22)	1,1-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (R114a)
	Chloropentafluoroethane (R115)	1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (R114)
	Chloropentafluoroethane-	Pentachlorofluoroethane (R111)
	Chlorodifluoromethane (R502)	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro-2,2-difluoroethane (R112a)
	1-Chioro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro-1,2-difluoroethane (R112)
	(R124)	1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoro-1-Chloroethane (R124a)
	1-Chloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane (R133a)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Chlorotrifluoromethane (R13)	

NOTE—The numbers in parentheses are refrigerant designations that are shown here for reference only and are not required on the label.

		Codes
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	HARMS PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT BY DESTROYING OZONE IN THE UPPER ATMOSPHERE.	H420
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

NOTE—These products because of ozone depleting properties shall be labeled as follows: Warning: Contains (compound name), a substance which harms the public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Gas Cylinder, Exclamation Mark
2.2 Nonflammable Gas

9.1.4	Carbon Dioxide	
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE. MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.	Codes H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG01 CGA-HG03
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336,
	area. Get immediate medical advice/attention. DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	P315 OSHA-PG01

9.1.5	Trifluoromethane (R23)		
NOTE—The number in parentheses is a refrigerant designation that is shown here for reference only and is not required on the label.			
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	Codes H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG01	
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P262 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27	
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313	
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315	
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording)	OSHA-PG01	

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas	
NOTE Many and the second of a DOT labely and add to OED 470 400 and a second of a second of the seco		

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).

9.2 Flammable gases

9.2.1	Allene	Isobutane
V.2. I	Butane	Isobutviene
	1-Butene	Liquefied Petroleum Gas
	2-Butene	Methyl Acetylene
	*1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b)	Methyl Fluoride
	1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a)	Propane
:	Ethane	Propylene
	Ethyl Acetylene	1,1,1-Trifluoroethane (R143a)
NOTE—Th	e numbers in parentheses are refrigerant designation the label.	ons that are shown here for reference o

only and are not

		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	*HARMS PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT BY DESTROYING OZONE IN THE UPPER ATMOSPHERE.	H420
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
1	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.	CGA-PG11
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

¹⁻Chloro-1,1-Diffuoroethane (R142b), because of ozone depleting properties, shall be labeled as follows: Warning: Contains 1-Chloro-1,1-Diffuoroethane (R142b), a substance which harms the public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere. This hazard phrase and the Exclamation Mark pictogram shall also appear on the label for 1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b).

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder, *Exclamation Mark	
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas	

9.2.2	Methyl Vinyl Ether	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	Codes H220 H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG04 CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Close valve after each use and when empty. Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P210 P271+P403 P377 P381 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder, Exclamation Mark	
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas	
	DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the HA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.2.3	Cyclopropane Ethylene	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	Codes H220 H280 H336 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG04 CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking. Avoid breathing gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Close valve after each use and when empty. Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P210 P261 P262 P271+P403 P377 P381 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P312 P302, P336, P315
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	P305, P351, P338 OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
Exclamation Mark, Flame, Gas Cylinder	
2.1 Flammable Gas	
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9.2.4	Vinyl Fluoride	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS.	H336
	SUSPECTED OF CAUSING GENETIC DEFECTS.	H341
	MAY CAUSE CANCER.	H350
	MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO LIVER THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.	H373
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG01
	Obtain special instructions before use.	P201
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.	CGA-PG11
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P312
	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard, Exclamation Mark	
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas	

9.2.5	Dimethyl Ether	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	Codes H220 H280 H336 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG04 CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. — No smoking. Avoid breathing gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and/or face	P202 P210 P261 P262 P264 P271+P403 P280
	protection. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Close valve after each use and when empty. Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P377 P381 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected	P304, P340, P312 P302, P336,
	area. Get immediate medical advice/attention. DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	P315 OSHA-PG01

e, Gas Cylinder
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9.2.6	Difluoromethane (R32)
NOTEThe nun on the label.	nber in parentheses is a refrigerant designation that is shown here for reference only and is not required

On the label.		
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	Codes H220 H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG04 CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Close valve after each use and when empty. Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P210 P262 P271+P403 P377 P381 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336,
	area. Get immediate medical advice/attention. DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	P315 OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas

9.2.7	Acetylene	
	The state of the s	Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	MAY REACT EXPLOSIVELY EVEN IN THE ABSENCE OF AIR AT ELEVATED PRESSURES AND/OR TEMPERATURE.	H231
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Fusible plugs in top, bottom, or valve melt at 98 °C to 107 °C (208 °F to 224 °F). Do not discharge at pressures above 15 psi (103 kPa).	CGA-PG13
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.	CGA-PG11
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P313
l	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas

9.2.8	Deuterium Hydrogen	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. BURNS WITH INVISIBLE FLAME.	Codes H220 H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG04 CGA-HG08
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P210 P271+P403 P377 P381 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
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9.2.9	Methane Natural Gas	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	Codes H220 H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG04
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P210 P271+P403 P377 P381 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas	
NOTEWhere a pictogram (i.e.	, DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the HA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.2.10	Methyl Chloride	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. HARMFUL IF INHALED. SUSPECTED OF CAUSING CANCER.	Codes H220 H280 H332 H351
	MAY CAUSE LUNG, KIDNEY, LIVER, AND CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.	H373
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG04 CGA-HG01
	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking. Do not breathe gas.	P201 P202 P210 P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container/supplier owner	P377 P381 P405 P501
	instructions. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308, P313
	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P304, P340, P312
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard		
2.1 Flammable Gas	<u> </u>	
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9.2.11	1,3-Butadiene Vinyl Bromide	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. *MAY CAUSE GENETIC DEFECTS. MAY CAUSE CANCER. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	Codes H220 H280 H340 H350 CGA-HG04 CGA-HG01
*	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. — No smoking. Avoid breathing gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P201 P202 P210 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P377 P381 P405 P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308, P313
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P305, P351, P338, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P361, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} This hazard phrase shall appear on the label for 1,3-Butadiene.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard	
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas	

9.2.12	Vinyl Chloride	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	Codes H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	MAY CAUSE CANCER.	H350
	MAY CAUSE KIDNEY DAMAGE THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.	H373
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG01
	Obtain special instructions before use.	P201
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308, P313
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P338, P315
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas

9.2.13	2,2-Dimethylpropane Ethyl Methyl Ether	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	Codes H220
DANGER.	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	*TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG-LASTING EFFECTS.	H411
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	*Collect spillage.	P391
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label for 2,2-Dimethylpropane only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder, *Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)	
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas	
	DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the HA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.2.14	Ethyl Chloride	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. SUSPECTED OF CAUSING CANCER. *HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG-LASTING EFFECTS. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	Codes H220 H280 H351 H412 CGA-HG04
	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. — No smoking. Avoid breathing gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. *Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory	P201 P202 P210 P261 P262 P264 P270 P271+P403 P273 P280+P284
	protection, and/or face protection. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Store locked up. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P377 P381 P405 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313
	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} Hazard and precautionary phrases may be required for international shipping.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard	
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas	
NOTE—Where a pictogram (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the		

9.3 Flammable liquids

9.3.1	3-Methyl-1-Butene	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.	H224
	MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAYS.	H304
	CAUSES SKIN AND SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.	H315+H319
	MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS.	H336
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.	P240
	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.	P241
	Use only non-sparking tools.	P242
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.	P243
	Avoid breathing vapor.	P261
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and/or face protection.	P280
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P312
	IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P301, P331, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P305, P351, P338, P313
	IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS: Get medical advice/attention.	P337, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention.	P302, P352, P362+P364, P313
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332 , P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Flame, Exclamation Mark, Health Hazard
3 Flammable Liquid

9.3.2	Hydrogen Cyanide	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES IRRITATION TO EYES, SKIN, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT.	Codes H224 H320+H315+
	FATAL IF INHALED. MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	H335 H330 CGA-HG04 CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. — No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory	P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
	protection, and/or face protection. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner	P377 P381 P405 P501
	instructions. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02
FIRST AID:	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	CGA-PG27 P304, P340, P310
	IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P301, P331, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P305, P351, P338, P313
	IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS: Get medical advice/attention.	P337, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention.	P302, P352, P362+P364, P313
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332 , P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Exclamation Mark
Transportation label(s)	6.1 Poison Inhalation Hazard, 3 Flammable Liquid
	n (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

9.4 Pyrophoric materials

9.4.1	Silane	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CATCHES FIRE SPONTANEOUSLY IF EXPOSED TO AIR. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	Codes H220 H250 H280
	HARMFUL IF INHALED.	H332
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P202 P210
	Do not allow contact with air.	P222
	Avoid breathing gas. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P261 P271+P403
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P377 P381
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Close valve after each use and when empty. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder.	CGA-PG17
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P304, P340, P312
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
Flame, Gas Cylinder, Exclamation Mark		
2.1 Flammable Gas		

9.4.2	Disilane	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CATCHES FIRE SPONTANEOUSLY IF EXPOSED TO AIR.	H250
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not allow contact with air.	P222
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Use a backflow preventative device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
•	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder.	CGA-PG17
j	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
]	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	P304, P340
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
Flame, Gas Cylinder		
2.1 Flammable Gas		

9.4.3	Dimethylzinc	
		Codes
DANGER:	CATCHES FIRE SPONTANEOUSLY IF EXPOSED TO AIR.	H250
	IN CONTACT WITH WATER RELEASES FLAMMABLE GASES WHICH MAY IGNITE SPONTANEOUSLY.	H260
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
,	VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.	H400
	VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.	H410
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Do not allow contact with air.	P222
	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.	P240
	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.	P241
	Use only non-sparking tools.	P242
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.	P243
	Do not breathe vapor.	P260
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and/or face protection.	P280
	In case of fire: Use suitable dry chemical for extinction.	P370, P378
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture.	P422, P232
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder.	CGA-PG17
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water/wrap in wet bandages. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P302, P334, P310
- -	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s) Flame, Environment, Corrosion		
Transportation label(s)	4.2 Spontaneously Combustible, 4.3 Dangerous When Wet	
NOTE— Where a pictogram	(i.e. DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172 400 appears on a shipped container, the	

9.5 Oxidizing gases and air

9.5.1	Nitrous Oxide	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS.	H336
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Avoid breathing gas.	P261
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	CGA-PG22
	Open valve slowly.	CGA-PG21
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P312
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
Flame over Circle, Gas Cylinder, Exclamation Mark		
2.2 Nonflammable Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer		

9.5.2	Oxygen	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	CGA-PG22
	Open valve slowly.	CGA-PG21
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame over Circle, Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer	

NOTE—In the United States, for a package containing Oxygen, compressed, the OXIDIZER label modified to display the word "OXYGEN" instead of "OXIDIZER" and the class number "2" instead of "5.1" may be used in place of NON-FLAMMABLE GAS and OXIDIZER labels and the GHS Gas Cylinder pictogram shall also be used.

NOTE—In Canada, for a package containing Oxygen, compressed, the OXIDIZER label modified to display the class number "2" instead of "5.1" shall be used in place of NON-FLAMMABLE GAS and OXIDIZER labels and the GHS Gas Cylinder pictogram shall also be used.

9.5.3	Nitrogen Trifluoride	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE: OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	HARMFUL IF INHALED.	H332
	MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO KIDNEY, LIVER, SPLEEN, AND CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.	H371
	ASPHYXIATING EVEN WITH ADEQUATE OXYGEN.	CGA-HG10
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	CGA-PG22
	Open valve slowly.	CGA-PG21
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P312
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Flame over Circle, Gas Cylinder, Exclamation Mark, Health Hazard
2.2 Nonflammable Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer

9.5.4	Air, Compressed		
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. SUPPORTS COMBUSTION.		Codes H280 CGA-HG24
	Use a back flow pre Use only equipment cylinder pressure Close valve after ea Protect from sunligh Read and follow the	all safety precautions have been read and understood. ventive device in the piping. of compatible materials of construction and rated for some second when empty. It when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	P202 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
Required syr	mbols		
GHS pictogram(s)		Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)		2.2 Nonflammable Gas	

9.6 Refrigerated liquefied gases

9.6.1	Argon, Refrigerated Liquid Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	:
WARNING:	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY.	Codes H281
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, and eye protection. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. DO NOT change or force fit connections. Close valve after each use and when empty. Always keep container in upright position. Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P271+P403 P282 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG24 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	P304, P340
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Gas Cylinder
2.2 Nonflammable Gas
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9.6.2	Carbon Dioxide, Refrigerated Liquid	
		Codes
WARNING:	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY.	H281
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.	CGA-HG03
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, and eye protection.	P282
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	DO NOT change or force fit connections.	CGA-PG24
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Always keep container in upright position.	CGA-PG23
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	P304, P340
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas	
NOTE—Where a pictogram opictogram specified in C.4 of C	(i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the DSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.6.3	Helium, Refrigerated Liquid Neon, Refrigerated Liquid	
		Codes
WARNING:	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY.	H281
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, and eye protection.	P282
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	DO NOT change or force fit connections.	CGA-PG24
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Use insulated hoses and piping to avoid condensation of oxygen-rich liquid air.	CGA-PG26
	Always keep container in upright position.	CGA-PG23
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	P304, P340
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas	
	e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the DSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.6.4	Hydrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY.	H281
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	BURNS WITH INVISIBLE FLAME.	CGA-HG08
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, and eye protection.	P282
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	DO NOT change or force fit connections.	CGA-PG24
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Use insulated hoses and piping to avoid condensation of oxygen-rich liquid air.	CGA-PG26
	Always keep container in upright position.	CGA-PG23
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	P304, P340
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Gas Cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.1 Flammable Gas

9.6.5	Oxygen, Refrigerated Liquid	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY.	H281
	COMBUSTIBLES IN CONTACT WITH LIQUID OXYGEN MAY EXPLODE ON IGNITION OR IMPACT.	CGA-HG13
-	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, and eye protection.	P282
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	CGA-PG22
	DO NOT change or force fit connections.	CGA-PG24
	Avoid spills. Do not walk on or roll equipment over spills.	CGA-PG28
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Always keep container in upright position.	CGA-PG23
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected	P302, P336,
-	area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording)	OSHA-PG0

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame over Circle, Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable, 5.1 Oxidizer	

NOTE—In the United States, for a package containing Oxygen, refrigerated liquid, the OXIDIZER label modified to display the word "OXYGEN" instead of "OXIDIZER" and the class number "2" instead of "5.1" may be used in place of NON-FLAMMABLE GAS and OXIDIZER labels and the GHS Gas Cylinder pictogram shall also be used.

NOTE—In Canada, for a package containing Oxygen, refrigerated liquid, the OXIDIZER label modified to display the class number "2" instead of "5.1" shall be used in place of NON-FLAMMABLE GAS and OXIDIZER labels and the GHS Gas Cylinder pictogram shall also be used.

9.6.6	Nitrous Oxide, Refrigerated Liquid	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY.	H281
	MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS OR DIZZINESS.	H336
	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	OSHA-H01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Avoid breathing gas.	P261
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, and eye protection.	P282
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	CGA-PG10 CGA-PG22
	Avoid spills. Do not walk on or roll equipment over spills.	CGA-PG22 CGA-PG28
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG26 CGA-PG06
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG21
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P312
	IF ON SKIN: Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	P302, P336, P315
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s) Flame over Circle, Gas Cylinder, Exclamation Mark		
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable, 5.1 Oxidizer	
	(i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the DSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.7 Toxic liquids and gases

9.7.1	Carbon Monoxide	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	TOXIC IF INHALED.	H331
	MAY DAMAGE FERTILITY OR THE UNBORN CHILD.	H360
	CAUSES DAMAGE TO CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM THROUGH	H372
	PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.	
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	ASPHYXIATING EVEN WITH ADEQUATE OXYGEN.	CGA-HG10
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and/or face protection.	P280
ļ	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P311
	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308+P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas
	(i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the DSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

9.7.2	Germane	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	CAUSES DAMAGE TO BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEY, AND OTHER ORGANS.	H370
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.	P240
	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.	P241
	Use only non-sparking tools.	P242
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.	P243
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P264
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	P270
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
<u>.</u>	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder.	CGA-PG17
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas
	n (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the

9.7.3	Arsine	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	SUSPECTED OF CAUSING CANCER.	H351
	MAY CAUSE LIVER DAMAGE THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.	H373
	VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.	H410
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Obtain special instructions before use.	P201
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard, Environment
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas
	n (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

9.7.4	Cyanogen Deuterium Selenide Hydrogen Selenide	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	Codes H220 H280
	CAUSES SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION. FATAL IF INHALED.	H315+H320 H330
	"VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.	H410
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG04 CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P202 P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P210 P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P405 P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug. Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG18 CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	IF EXPOSED OR CONCERNED: Get medical advice/attention.	P308, P313
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P305, P351, P338, P313
	IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS: Get medical advice/attention.	P337, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention.	P302, P352, P362+P364, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the labels for Hydrogen Selenide and Deuterium Selenide only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols	
0110 -1-1	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder
GHS pictogram(s)	*Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas
	m (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

9.7.5	Carbonyl Sulfide	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	TOXIC IF INHALED.	H331
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	EXTENDED EXPOSURE TO GAS REDUCES THE ABILITY TO SMELL SULFIDES.	CGA-HG16
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surface - No smoking.	P210
	Avoid breathing gas.	P261
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Do not depend on odor to detect presence of gas.	CGA-PG29
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P311
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s) Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder		
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas	
NOTE: Marco a mistogram (i.e. DOT label) required under 40 CED 472 400 annual or a chimned container the		

9.7.6	Hydrogen Sulfide	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.	H335
	*VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.	H400
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	EXTENDED EXPOSURE TO GAS REDUCES THE ABILITY TO SMELL SULFIDES.	CGA-HG16
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Do not depend on odor to detect presence of gas.	CGA-PG29
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder *Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)	
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas	

9.7.7	Phosphine	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CATCHES FIRE SPONTANEOUSLY IF EXPOSED TO AIR.	H250
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	*VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.	H400
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder.	CGA-PG17
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
1	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated	P303, P361,
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing	P353, P363,
	before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Corrosion *Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)	
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas	

9.7.8	Diborane	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CATCHES FIRE SPONTANEOUSLY IF EXPOSED TO AIR.	H250
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION.	H315+H320
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO LUNG, KIDNEY, AND CENTRAL NERVOUS	H371
	SYSTEM.	
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder.	CGA-PG17
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Decomposition Hazard: Store under dry ice.	CGA-PG31
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P338, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and	P302, P352,
	wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention.	P362+P364, P313
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas

9.7.9	Methyl Bromide	
		Codes
DANGER:	FLAMMABLE GAS.	H221
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.	H315
	CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.	H319
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.	H335
	SUSPECTED OF CAUSING GENETIC DEFECTS.	H341
	MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO NERVOUS SYSTEM, LUNG, KIDNEY AND LIVER THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE.	H373
	*VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.	H400
	HARMS PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT BY DESTROYING OZONE IN THE UPPER ATMOSPHERE.	H420
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Obtain special instructions before handling.	P201
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for	CGA-PG20+
	cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P305, P351, P338, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention.	P302, P352, P362+P364, P313
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

NOTE—Methyl bromide, because of ozone depleting properties, shall be labeled as follows: Warning: Contains methyl bromide, a substance which harms the public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

* These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s) Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard, Exclamation Mark, Envirorment, *Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)		
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas	
	(i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the DSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.7.10	Methyl Mercaptan	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	TOXIC IF INHALED.	H331
	*VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.	H410
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Avoid breathing gas.	P261
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	*Collect spillage.	P391
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P311
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder *Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)	
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas	

9.7.11	Ethylene Oxide	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION.	H315+H320
	MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.	H317
	TOXIC IF INHALED.	H331
	MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.	H335
	MAY CAUSE GENETIC DAMAGE.	H340
	MAY CAUSE CANCER.	H350
	MAY DAMAGE FERTILITY OR THE UNBORN CHILD.	
		H360
	CAUSES DAMAGE TO NERVOUS SYSTEM AND KIDNEY THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE	H372
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Obtain special instructions before use.	P201
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for	CGA-PG20+
	cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P311
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact	P305, P351,
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P338, P313
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and	P302, P352, P362+P364.
	wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention.	P313
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas
	n (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

9.7.12	Trifluorochloroethylene (R1113)		
NOTE—The number in parentheses is a refrigerant designation that is shown here for reference only and is not required on the label.			
		Codes	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.	H220	
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280	
	TOXIC IF INHALED.	H331	
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04	
	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	CGA-HG01	
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202	
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210	
	Avoid breathing gas.	P261	
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262	
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403	
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377	
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381	
	Store locked up.	P405	
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05	
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06	
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02	
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27	
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,	
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P311	
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01	

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard, Exclamation Mark
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas
	m (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

9.8 Toxic and corrosive liquids and gases

9.8.1	Boron Trichloride Deuterium Chloride Hydrogen Bromide	Hydrogen Chloride Hydrogen lodide Sulfur Dioxide	
DANGER:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE. TOXIC IF INHALED. CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.		Codes H280 H314 H331 CGA-HG22
	Avoid breathing gas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clot Use and store only outdoors or in a w Wear protective gloves, protective clo	ell-ventilated place.	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
	protection, and/or face protection. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accommodate instructions.	ordance with container supplier/owner	P405 P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in	le materials of construction and rated equipment prepared for use. ight valve outlet cap or plug. empty.	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02
FIRST AID:	Read and follow the Safety Data She IF INHALED: Remove person to free breathing. Call a POISON CENTER (sh air and keep comfortable for	CGA-PG27 P304, P340, P311
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with wa contact lenses, if present and easy to call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ph	do. Continue rinsing. Immediately	P305, P351, P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/tak clothing. Rinse skin with water/showe before reuse. Immediately call a POS	er. Wash contaminated clothing	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT	LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic gas, 8 Corrosive	

9.8.2	Silicon Tetrafluoride	
		Codes
DANGER:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG22
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P305, P351, P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic gas, 8 Corrosive	

9.8.3	Boron Trifluoride	
DANCED.	CONTAINS CAS LINDED DESCRIPE, MAY EVEL ORE IS LIFATED	Codes
DANGER:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H280 H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	пз 1 4 Н330
	MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO KIDNEYS.	H371
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG22
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P303, P361, P353. P363, P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder, Health Hazard
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic gas, 8 Corrosive

9.8.4	Chlorine	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
ĺ	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	*VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.	H400
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG22
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P264
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
;	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
ļ	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing	P303, P361, P353, P363,
	before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion, Flame over Circle, Gas Cylinder *Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer, 8 Corrosive

9.8.5	Dichlorosilane	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	Codes H220 H280 H314
	FATAL IF INHALED. CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT. SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	H330 CGA-HG22 CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking. Do not breathe gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Wear protective only outdoors or better clothing, eye protection, respiratory	P202 P210 P260 P264 P271+P403 P280+P284
	protection, and/or face protection. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P377 P381 P405 P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P305, P351, P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 2.1 Flammable Gas, 8 Corrosive	

9.8.6	Hydrogen Fluoride	
		Codes
DANGER:	FATAL IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.	H310
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	TOXIC IF INHALED.	H331
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG22
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Avoid breathing vapor.	P261
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P264
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	P270
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and/or face protection.	P280
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P311
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated	P303, P361,
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P353, P363, P310
	SPECIFIC TREATMENT: Apply calcium gluconate cream to affected areas on skin.	P321
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

NOTE—For shipments originating in Canada, the wording "Inhalation Hazard" shall not appear on the label but shall be marked elsewhere on the package.

Required symbols			
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion		
Transportation label(s)	8 Corrosive, 6.1 Poison Inhalation Hazard		
NATE III	C DOT 1-1-10	 	

9.8.7	Phosgene	
DANGER:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	Codes H280
DANGER.	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG11
	CONTROLIZE TO THE RESIDENT TRACT.	00/11022
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P264
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory	P280+P284
	protection, and/or face protection.	
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 8 Corrosive

9.8.8	Tungsten Hexafluoride	
DANGER:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	Codes H280
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H314 H330
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG22
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe gas.	P202 P260
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P264
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG10
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P305, P351, P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310
	SPECIFIC TREATMENT: Apply calcium gluconate cream to affected areas on skin.	P321
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder	
2.3 Toxic Gas, 8 Corrosive	

9.9 Toxic, oxidizing, and corrosive gases

9.9.1	Chlorine Trifluoride	
DANGER:	MAY CALISE OF INTENSIEV FIRE OVIDIZED	Codes H270
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270 H280
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	
		H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	*VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.	H400
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED EXTREMELY REACTIVE.	CGA-HG11
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG23 CGA-HG22
	Obtain special instructions before use.	P201
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	*Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Use only with compatible materials of construction, with equipment cleaned for	CGA-PG20+
	oxygen service, and with equipment passivated before use.	CGA-PG22+
	oxygen service, and with equipment passivated before use.	CGA-PG32
	Use behind barricades with remote extensions on valves and regulators.	CGA-PG33
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Open valve slowly.	CGA-PG21
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	P304, P340,
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact	P305, P351,
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P338, P313
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	P303, P361, P353
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s) Skull and Crossbones, Flame over Circle, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder *Environment (may be required if shipped internationally)		
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer, 8 Corrosive	
	(i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the pictogram	

9.9.2	Fluorine	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	EXTREMELY REACTIVE.	CGA-HG23
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG23
	CONTROLLE TO THE RESIDENT TRACT.	00A-11022
	Obtain special instructions before use.	P201
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P264
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory	P280+P284
	protection, and/or face protection.	F2001F204
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
		CGA-PG20+
	Use only with compatible materials of construction, with equipment	CGA-PG22+
	cleaned for oxygen service, and with equipment passivated before use.	CGA-PG32
	Use behind barricades with remote extensions on valves and regulators.	CGA-PG33
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Open valve slowly.	CGA-PG10
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
	Read and follow the Salety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-FG21
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
TINOT AID.	breathing, Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	producing, minibalatory sail a 1 010011 0211 211 of accomply sail a	, 0.0
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P338, P313
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated	P303, P361,
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	P353, P361,
	Ciouling, Minac anni with water/anower.	F 333
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01
	DO NOT THE WORLD THIS I TODOOT EXDEL (OF Equivalent wording).	JOHA-FGUI

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame over Circle, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer, 8 Corrosive

9.9.3	Nitric Oxide	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO LUNGS.	H371
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	OTHER TORING HEAT DE DEBYTED.	OGA-HOTT
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory	P280+P284
	protection, and/or face protection.	F200+F20 4
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner	P501
	instructions.	
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated	CGA-PG20+
	for cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	CGA-PG22
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Open valve slowly.	CGA-PG21
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	P304, P340,
	breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove	P305, P351,
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P338, P313
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated	P303, P361,
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	P353
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332 , P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones, Flame over Circle, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer, 8 Corrosive
	n (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

9.9.4	Nitrogen Dioxide (Dinitrogen Tetroxide)	
		Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.	H270
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	FATAL IF INHALED.	H330
	MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO LUNGS.	H371
	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	CGA-HG11
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials.	P220
	Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil.	P244
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/or face protection.	P280+P284
	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.	P370+P376
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	CGA-PG22
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	CGA-PG18
	Open valve slowly.	CGA-PG21
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P304, P340, P310
	broading. Hitheatacry can are crossit our resident accomply state.	
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/attention.	P305, P351, P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	P303, P361, P353
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332 , P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s) Skull and Crossbones, Flame over Circle, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder		
Transportation label(s)	2.3 Toxic Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer, 8 Corrosive	

9.10 Corrosive liquids and gases

9.10.1	Anhydrous Ammonia*	
		Codes
DANGER:	FLAMMABLE GAS.	H221
	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.	H280
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	HARMFUL IF INHALED.	H332
	**VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.	H400
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG22
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Do not breathe gas.	P260
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.	P262
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	**Avoid release to the environment.	P273
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and/or face protection.	P280
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for	CGA-PG20+
	cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call	P304, P340,
	POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P312
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact	P305, P351,
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P338, P310
	• •	D202 D264
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	P303, P361, P353, P363,
	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P310
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

NOTE—For domestic shipment of Anhydrous Ammonia, the container shall be marked with the words INHALATION HAZARD in association with the proper shipping name and identification number.

- * GHS classifies ammonia as a Category 2 Flammable Gas for the workplace. For transport, its classification is based on other hazards. For example, in the United States, it is classified as a nonflammable gas, while outside the United States it is classified as a toxic gas. Consult applicable regulations.
- ** These hazard and precautionary phrases and the Environment pictogram may be required to appear on the label only when shipped internationally.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	U.S. only: Corrosion, Gas Cylinder, Exclamation Mark International: Skull and Crossbones, Corrosion, Gas Cylinder, **Environment
Transportation label(s)	U.S. only: 2.2 Nonflammable Gas (INHALATION HAZARD) International: 2.3 Toxic Gas, 8 Corrosive

9.10.2	Trichlorosilane	
		Codes
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.	H224
	IN CONTACT WITH WATER RELEASES FLAMMABLE GASES WHICH MAY IGNITE SPONTANEOUSLY.	H260
	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.	H314
	HARMFUL IF INHALED.	H332
	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	CGA-HG04
	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	CGA-HG22
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot surfaces No smoking.	P210
	Do not allow contact with air.	P222
	Do not allow contact with water.	P223
	Handle under inert gas, protect from moisture.	P231+P232
	Keep container tightly closed.	P233
	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.	P240
	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.	P241
	Use only non-sparking tools.	P242
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.	P243
	Do not breathe vapor.	P260
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	P264
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.	P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and/or face protection.	P280
	In case of fire: Do not use water. Use AFFF alcohol-compatible foam to extinguish.	P370, P378
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.	P381
	Store locked up.	P405
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.	P501
	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for	CGA-PG20+
	cylinder pressure.	CGA-PG10
	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.	CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call	P304, P340,
	POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	P312
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact	P305, P351,
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing.	P303, P361,
	Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	P353, P363, P310
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/attention.	P332, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame, Corrosion	
Transportation label(s)	4.3 Dangerous When Wet, 3 Flammable Liquid, 8 Corrosive	
	n (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the pictogram Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].	

9.10.3		nethylamine hylamine	
DANGER:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EX	VDI ODE IE HEATED	Codes H220 H280
	CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.	APLODE IF HEATED.	
]	CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE.		H315 H318
	HARMFUL IF INHALED.		H332
	MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.		
	WIAT CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.		H335
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have t		P202
	Keep away from heat, open flames, sparks, hot	surfaces. – No smoking.	P210
	Avoid breathing gas.		P261
1	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.		P264
	Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilat		P271+P403
	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye tion.	•	P280
	Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak	can be stopped safely.	P377
	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.		P381
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance wi instructions.	th container supplier/owner	P501
1	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.		CGA-PG05
	Use only with equipment of compatible material	s of construction and rated for	CGA-PG20+
	cylinder pressure.		CGA-PG10
İ	Do not open valve until connected to equipment	prepared for use.	CGA-PG12
	Close valve after each use and when empty.		CGA-PG06
	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature	e exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) b	efore use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and k Call POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if yo		P304, P340, P312
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for sev lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsi POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.		P305, P351, P338, P310
	IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Remove/take off imme clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash or reuse. Get medical advice/attention.		P303, P361, P353, P363, P313
	IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical a	dvice/attention.	P332 , P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or	r equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

Cylinder, Exclamation Mark, Corrosion
ble Gas

10 References

Unless otherwise specified, the latest edition shall apply.

- [1] Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, Palais de Nations, 1211 Geneva 10, Switzerland. www.unece.org
- [2] Code of Federal Regulations, Title 29 (Labor), Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20401. www.gpo.gov
- [3] Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49 (Transportation), Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20401. www.gpo.gov
- [4] Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, Transport Canada, Canadian Government Publishing, Public Works and Government Services Canada, Ottawa, ON K1A 0S9, Canada. www.tc.gc.ca
- [5] CGA P-11, *Metric Practice Guide for the Compressed Gas Industry*, Compressed Gas Association, Inc., 14501 George Carter Way, Suite 103, Chantilly, VA 20151. www.cganet.com
- [6] ISO 10156:2010, Gases and gas mixtures Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets, Compressed Gas Association, Inc., 14501 George Carter Way, Suite 103, Chantilly, VA 20151. www.cganet.com
- [7] International Air Transport Association, 800 Place Victoria, Post Office Box 113, Montreal, PQ, H42 1M1, Canada. www.iata.org
- [8] *United States Pharmacopoeia* and *National Formulary*, U.S. Pharmacopoeia, 12601 Twinbrook Pkwy., Rockville, MD 20850. www.usp.org
- [9] Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21 (Food and Drugs), Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20401. www.gpo.gov
- [10] Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, U.S. Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Ln., Rockville, MD 20857. www.fda.gov
- [11] CGA C-9, Standard Color Marking of Compressed Gas Containers for Medical Use, Compressed Gas Association, Inc., 14501 George Carter Way, Suite 103, Chantilly, VA 20151, www.cganet.com
- [12] ISO 10156:1996, Gases and gas mixtures Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets, International Organization for Standardization, 1 rue de Varembé, Case postale 56, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland. www.iso.org
- [13] Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, Palais des Nations, CH-1211 Geneva 10, Switzerland, www.unece.org
- [14] EIGA Doc 169/13, Classification, and Labelling Guide in accordance with EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation), European Industrial Gases Association, Avenue des Arts 3-5, B-1210 Brussels, Belgium. www.eiga.eu
- [15] ISO 13338:1995, Determination of tissue corrosiveness of a gas or gas mixture, Compressed Gas Association, Inc., 14501 George Carter Way, Suite 103, Chantilly, VA 20151, www.cganet.com
- [16] CGA P-58, Safe Preparation of Compressed Oxidant-Fuel Gas Mixtures in Cylinders, Compressed Gas Association, Inc., 14501 George Carter Way, Suite 103, Chantilly, VA 20151. www.cganet.com
- [17] CGA P-20, Standard for the Classification of Toxic Gas Mixtures, Compressed Gas Association, Inc., 14501 George Carter Way, Suite 103, Chantilly, VA 20151. www.cganet.com

[18] CGA SB-26, Cylinder Connections on Portable Liquid Cryogenic Cylinders, Compressed Gas Association, Inc., 14501 George Carter Way, Suite 103, Chantilly, VA 20151, www.cganet.com

[19] EC Directive 842/2006, European Union http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en/index.html

11 Additional references

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Matheson Gas Data Book, Yaws, Carl, McGraw-Hill Professional, P.O. Box 182604, Columbus, OH 43272. www.mcgraw-hill.com

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, MDL Information Systems, 14600 Catalina St., San Leandro, CA 94577. www.mdl.com

ACGIH #0113, TLVs® and BEIs®, American Conference of Governmental and Industrial Hygienists, 1330 Kemper Meadow Dr., Cincinnati, OH 45240. www.acgih.org

Appendix A—CGA marking system for compressed gas cylinders (Normative)

CGA's marking system consists of the basic marking and additional precautionary and government required information.

A.1 Compliance

CGA developed the basic marking to provide immediate identification of cylinder contents by using the DOT/TC proper shipping name, UN identification number, and hazard class diamond within a single marking. Certain cylinders that bear the basic marking are allowed to be transported, without further DOT labeling and marking, under specific conditions set forth by DOT in 49 CFR 172.400a or the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations* in Canada [3, 4]. In the United States, 49 CFR Part 172.400a(a)(1) authorizes this basic marking for cylinders containing compressed gases, which are not overpacked.

NOTE—In accordance with 49 CFR 171.10, where SI (metric) units appear, they are the regulatory standard. U.S. Standard or customary units, which appear in parenthesis following the SI units, are for information only [3].

A.2 DOT/TC labels and markings

The basic marking, illustrated in Figure A-1, shall consist of a diamond-shaped figure indicating the hazard class of the contained gas combined with a panel containing the DOT/TC proper shipping name of the contained gas and the UN identification number. The panel shall be located to the left of the diamond.

Both 49 CFR 172.101 and the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations* specify that certain gases with subsidiary hazards require multiple square-on-point (diamond) labels. For such gases, the basic marking shall include additional diamonds denoting the subsidiary hazard or hazards. Hazard class numbers shall appear on both the primary and subsidiary hazard diamond or diamonds. The diamonds shall be adjacent to one another but their adjoining points are allowed to be overlapped by not more than 10 mm (0.375 in), as illustrated in Figure A-2. The primary hazard diamond shall be placed to the left of the subsidiary hazard diamond(s) and not overlapped. Subsidiary labels shall only be overlapped on the left side. In the United States, truncating of the diamonds is permitted, as illustrated in Figure A-3.

The letters USP or NF, as required by FDA or HPFBI, are also allowed to be shown in this panel following the proper shipping name or product identification number. USP refers to United States Pharmacopeia and NF refers to National Formulary, both of which are published by the United States Pharmacopeia [14]. Refer to Appendices B and C for additional information.

For Medical Air, the proper shipping name is "Air, compressed" and the USP monograph name is "Medical Air, USP". The letters USP are not allowed to follow the proper shipping name "Air, compressed". "Medical Air, USP" may appear in the left panel along with the proper shipping name as shown in Figure A-4, or it may appear elsewhere on the label in conjunction with the FDA-required statements provided in B.3.4.

When required, the following additional information is also allowed to be included in this panel: the letters RQ (49 CFR 172.324(b) for a hazardous substance defined by 49 CFR 171.8 and/or the words INHALATION HAZARD (Column 7, Special Provisions of Table 172.101) [3].

A.3 Precautionary information

CGA's marking system, illustrated in Figure A-4, provides for additional information on cylinders such as the name of the supplier, precautions to be observed in the handling, storage, and use of the cylinder and/or its contents, and other information of value to the user. CGA's marking system allows information for medical or industrial use to be included as required by other regulatory bodies. It allows this additional information to appear above, beside, or below the basic marking as long as it does not interfere with the recognition of the basic marking.

A.4 DOT/TC label dimensions and modifications

The diamond figure in the basic marking shall measure at least 30 mm (1.25 in) on each side and the corners shall have an included angle of 90 degrees. The pictorial symbol, hazard class number, and color of the diamond shall be the same as the comparable DOT label described in 49 CFR 172.407 through 172.450 or in the TC regulations. The hazard class number should be not less than 5 mm (0.1875 in) in height. The pictorial symbol shall be proportional in size to that shown in the referenced section. In the United States, the hazard class words (for example: flammable gas) are allowed to be included in the diamond in letters not less than 3.175 mm (0.125 in) in height.

In Canada, hazard class words (for example, nonflammable gas) are not permitted on labels except for shipments originating from the United States under a reciprocity agreement.

For shipment of oxygen originating in the United States, the oxidizer diamond is allowed to be modified and used in place of the nonflammable gas and oxidizer labels. The oxidizer diamond shall be modified by replacing the word OXIDIZER and the hazard class number 5.1 with the word OXYGEN and the hazard class number 2 in accordance with 49 CFR 172.405(b) (see Figure A-5) [3].

For shipment of oxygen originating in Canada, the oxidizing gas label as described in the TC regulations shall be used.

In the United States, Ammonia, Anhydrous may be labeled as a nonflammable gas with the inhalation hazard marking for domestic transport only (see Figure A-5). When shipped internationally, Ammonia, Anhydrous shall display the toxic gas and corrosive label.

A.5 Left panel

The panel to the left of the diamond shall be white and shall be imprinted with the DOT/TC proper shipping name and the UN identification number of the contained gas in black characters. The characters of the shipping name shall be no less than 5 mm (0.1875 in) in height. The UN identification number shall be:

- 12 mm (0.47 in) in height for containers greater than 60 L (132 lb) water capacity;
- No less than 6 mm (0.2 in) in height for containers greater than 5 L (11 lb) to less than or equal to 60 L (132 lb) water capacity; or
- Marked in a size appropriate for the package for containers less than or equal to 5 L (11 lb) water capacity.

The panel shall measure not less than 25 mm (1 in) from top to bottom but is allowed to vary in length to accommodate the DOT/TC proper shipping name.

Where required, the letters RQ and/or the words INHALATION HAZARD shall be printed in letters not less than 2 mm (0.0625 in) in height.

A.6 N.O.S. mixtures

For gas mixtures classified as N.O.S., the technical names of at least two components that most predominantly contribute to the hazards of the mixture shall appear in parenthesis in association with the proper shipping name. The percentages of the components may be included.

A.7 Additional requirement

The basic marking shall be located (a) when space permits, on the shoulder of the cylinder, but not covering the current test date, requalification date, or any other required permanent markings, or (b) on the side of the cylinder at a point approximately two thirds of the distance from the cylinder bottom to the top of the valve or cap.

The complete CGA marking system may be of any size or shape suitable for application to the cylinder on which it is to be used, subject only to the restriction that the basic marking shall occupy a position of prominence.

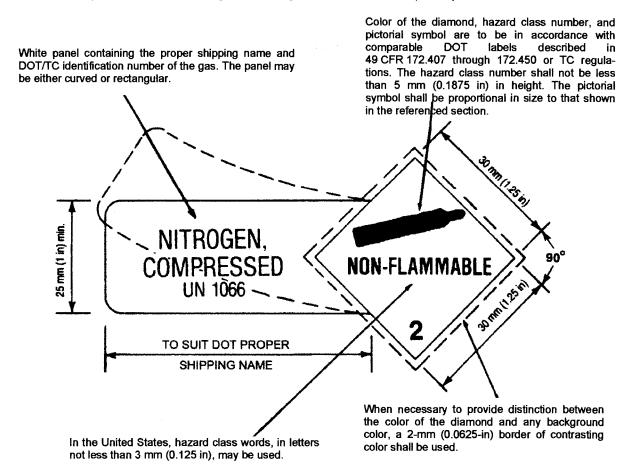
The complete CGA marking system may have as a background color any color that suits the user with the exception that the panel to the left of the diamond shall be white and there shall be a contrast between the background color and the color that is required for the diamond in the basic marking. When an identical or similar background color is desirable, this contrast may be accomplished by providing a border of contrasting color to separate the basic marking from the background. A similar border is required where the basic marking is to be applied to a noncontrasting surface.

The basic marking and/or CGA's marking system shall be firmly affixed to the container and shall be of materials that are durable under conditions incident to transportation, storage, and use and shall be maintained in legible condition.

The basic marking and/or CGA's marking system shall remain affixed to the cylinder, full or empty, as long as it remains in the same gas service. The basic marking provides identification of the hazardous material contained in a filled cylinder. The information is of equal value to the handlers of so-called empty cylinders, as it provides identification of any residual hazardous material that could be present in the cylinder. The removal or replacement of the basic marking shall, therefore, be performed only by, or at the direction of, the supplier responsible for filling the cylinder.

A.8 Illustrative examples

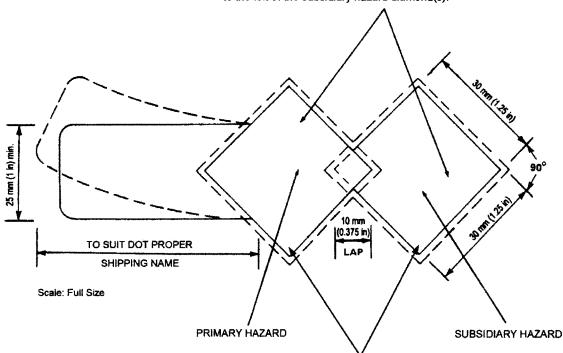
These illustrations use the style of hazard labels (square-on-point) required by DOT regulations. Except in the case of a few specifically named toxic gases, TC regulations in Canada require a pictorial label without words.



NOTE—The word GAS may be included in the 30-mm (1.25-in) diamond of the basic marking.

The basic marking in Figure A-2 illustrates an example when an additional diamond is added to denote the subsidiary hazard when required by 49 CFR 172.101 or TC regulations [3, 4]. The primary hazard diamond overlaps the subsidiary hazard.

The colors of the individual diamonds shall be in accordance with 49 CFR 172.407 through 172.450 or TC regulations. The primary hazard diamond shall be placed to the left of the subsidiary hazard diamond(s).

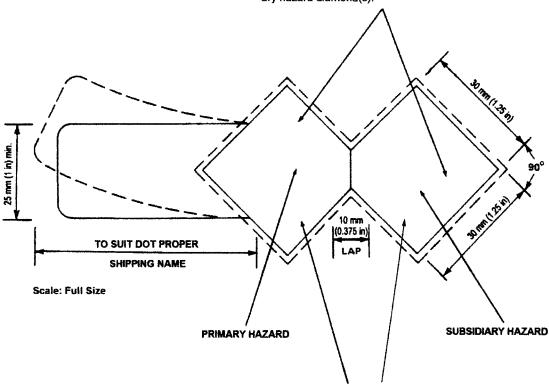


The hazard class number shall appear in both the primary and subsidiary hazard diamond symbols.

Figure A-2—Basic markings for multiple hazard diamonds (overlapped)

The basic marking in Figure A-3 illustrates an example when an additional diamond is added to denote the subsidiary hazard when required by 49 CFR 172.101 [3]. The primary and subsidiary hazard diamonds are truncated with the primary hazard diamond always on the left.

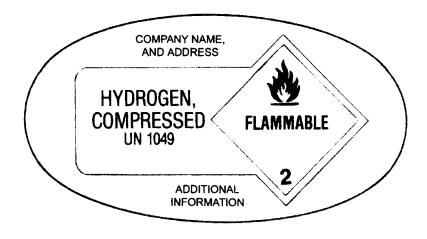
The colors of the individual diamonds shall be in accordance with 49 CFR 172.407 through 172.450. The primary hazard diamond shall be placed to the left of the subsidiary hazard diamond(s).

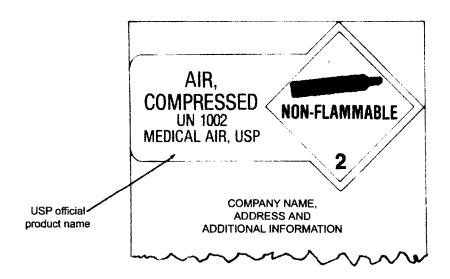


The hazard class number shall appear in both the primary and subsidiary hazard diamond symbols.

NOTE—For shipments within the United States or to Canada that originate in the United States, truncating of the diamonds is permitted.

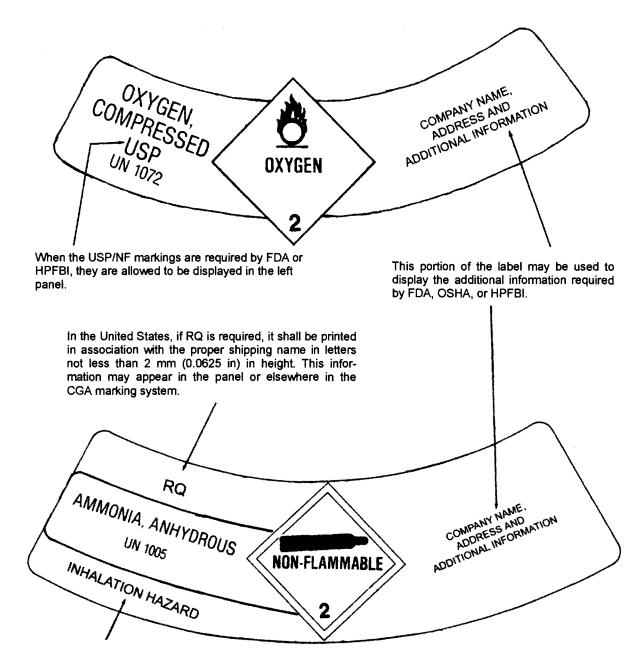
Figure A-3—Basic markings for multiple hazard diamonds (truncated)





NOTE—When required by FDA or HPFBI, the official product name including the USP/NF designation is allowed to appear directly above, below, or beside the proper shipping name in the panel or elsewhere on the label.

Figure A-4—Examples of CGA marking system (not to scale)



In the United States, the words INHALATION HAZARD shall be printed in association with the proper shipping name and be at least 2 mm (0.0625 in) in height. This information may appear in the panel or elsewhere in the CGA marking system.

Figure A-5—Examples of CGA marking system for U.S. domestic shipment of oxygen and ammonia as described in A.4 (not to scale)

Appendix B—CGA labeling guide for compressed medical gases classified as drugs (Normative)

This appendix was revised to be consistent with the labeling requirements of Title 21 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (21 CFR) Part 201 and current industry practices as they apply to the labeling of those compressed medical gases classified as drugs [9].

The information in this guide is intended as an aid in complying with the applicable FDA regulations for the labeling of medical gases classified as drugs. This guide contains what is considered to be the minimum requirements for medical gas labels and might not contain all language necessary to comply with FDA regulations. It is the responsibility of the gas supplier to assure that the labels and markings comply with all applicable government regulations (DOT, EPA, OSHA, TC, etc.). This guide should be used in conjunction with other applicable labeling and marking information contained in this publication, specifically, Appendix A and applicable illustrative labels in Section 9.

The phrases presented as material handling warnings and precautions, (i.e., not the Warning statement that begins with "Administration of ...") in the medical gas mixtures illustrative labels in this appendix are directed to the persons who are handling or administering the gas and not the person to whom the gas may ultimately be administered.

Unless an asterisk notes an exception, the GHS and CGA phrases shown on the illustrative labels in this appendix are required.

B.1 CGA definition of terms

Manufacturer—Any person or firm who produces, fills, repackages (transfills), or relabels medical drug gas cylinders.

Distributor—Any person or firm who markets filled medical drug gas cylinders and who has not performed any manufacturing steps such as filling, repackaging, or relabeling.

B.2 General requirements

All medical drug gas labels shall bear the:

- Name and address of the manufacturer or distributor. Where the medical gas distributor's name appears
 on the label, the distributor's name shall be qualified by one of the following phrases:
 - "Manufactured for (name)"
 - "Distributed by (name)"
 - "Manufactured by (name) for (name)"
 - "Manufactured for (name) by (name)"
 - "Distributor: (name)" or
 - "Marketed by (name)";

NOTE—If cylinders are owned by one company but filled by another company, FDA permits the use of a small owner-ship or possession sticker in addition to the drug product label (see Figure B-1).

- Official product name (for single-component gases);
- Statement of ingredients (for gas mixtures);
- Lot number; and
- Net contents, in appropriate units of measure as follows:

- If the medical gas is in a gaseous state in a high pressure final use container, it shall be expressed in liters or cubic feet qualified by the statement "at 70 °F and ## psi"
- If the medical gas is in a liquefied compressed gas state in a high pressure final use container it shall be expressed in gaseous liters or by an appropriate net weight statement
- If the medical gas is in a liquefied state in a portable cryogenic final use container it shall be expressed
 in gaseous liters, liquid liters (if identified as a liquid measure), gallons, or by an appropriate net weight
 statement
- If the medical gas is in a refrigerated liquid or high pressure tube transport (i.e., non-final use container), labeling for net quantity of contents is not required or
- If the medical gas is in a large non-portable cryogenic storage container or high pressure storage bank (i.e., non-final use container that supplies product via a pipeline), labeling for net quantity of contents is not required.

An expiration date for drugs is required by 21 CFR; however, FDA has indicated that they do not enforce the requirement for medical gases unless it is specified by a firm's standard operating procedures (SOP) [9]. If specified by the firm's SOP, FDA requires that appropriate stability test data to support the expiration date be maintained.

NOTE—The lot number, net contents, and/or expiration date (if used) can appear on a separate sticker instead of on the main product label. Figure B-2 provides an example of a separate sticker containing supplementary information.

The small ownership sticker shall only identify the cylinder owner (name, address, and/or phone number) and shall contain the words "property of" or "owned by". The sticker shall be placed so it cannot be confused with the product label. The sticker should not contain language that can be confused with language on the product label.

If a separate sticker is used for this information, it shall be applied in close proximity to the main product label.

Property of ABC Homecare 123 Home Street Anytown, USA 123-456-7890

Figure B-1—Example of a small ownership sticker

XXXXXXXXX LOT NO. XXXX LITERS EXP DATE XX/XX/XXXX

Figure B-2—Example of a separate sticker containing supplementary information

B.3 Specific required statements

The following FDA-required statements should be used in conjunction with other applicable labeling and marking information contained in this publication, specifically, Appendix A and applicable illustrative labels in Section 9 for pure gases.

B.3.1 Gaseous and Liquid Oxygen

USP

WARNING:

For emergency use only when administered by properly trained personnel for oxygen deficiency and resuscitation. For all other medical applications, **Rx only**.

Uninterrupted use of high concentrations of oxygen over a long duration, without monitoring its effect on oxygen content of arterial blood, may be harmful. Do not attempt to use on patients who have stopped breathing unless used in conjunction with resuscitative equipment.

Produced by Air Liquefaction ¹

NOTE—Individual states may have state-specific labeling requirements; for example, one state requires the following additional statements on oxygen labels:

- Keep out of reach of children; and
- Federal law requires that this container be refilled with oxygen USP only by establishments registered as a drug manufacturer in accordance with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act [16].

NOTE—If medical oxygen is provided as a cryogenic liquid in a cryogenic final use container, e.g., liquid oxygen home unit, that is classified as a medical device, the warning statements above are not required provided the device label of the container provides adequate directions for use in accordance with the device approval and contains the phrase "Rx only."

B.3.2 Carbon Dioxide, Helium, Nitrous Oxide

USP

Rx only

WARNING:

Administration of (name of gas) may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of (name of gas) and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.

Labels shall indicate if the oxygen was produced by the air liquefaction process. Oxygen produced by the air liquefaction process is exempt from the requirements for the USP tests for carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

B.3.3 Gaseous and Liquid Nitrogen

NF

Rx only

WARNING:

Administration of Nitrogen may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of Nitrogen and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.

NOTE—Open-topped dewars filled from a liquid nitrogen NF supply do not require drug or device product labeling; however, they should be identified with the word "Nitrogen.

B.3.4 Medical Air

USP

WARNING:

For breathing support when used by properly trained personnel. For medical applications, **Rx only.**

Administration of Medical Air may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of Medical Air and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.

*Mixture of oxygen USP and nitrogen NF.

^{*} The statement "Mixture of oxygen USP and nitrogen NF" is only required for synthetic air mixtures. The medical air impurities tests are not required if the air is a synthetic mixture of oxygen and nitrogen, the oxygen complies to Oxygen, USP and nitrogen complies to Nitrogen, NF, and this statement appears on the label.

B.4 Oxygen/Nitrogen Medical Mixtures other than Medical Air

B.4.1 Oxygen/Nitrogen Medical Mixtures (nonflammable, nonoxidizing) where the oxygen content is less than 19.5%		
	% Oxygen, USP ¹	
	% Nitrogen, NF ¹	
	Rx only	
WARNING:	Administration of this gas mixture may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of gas mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	H280 OSHA-H01 P202 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02
FIRST AID:	IF ACCIDENTLY INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	CGA-MP01
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

The USP or NF designation may be placed before or after the component or percentage entry. As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label. Component names may appear in any order.

NOTE—If this mixture is to be used as a respiratory challenge mix, the label may indicate "FOR USE WITH RESPIRATORY CHALLENGE DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS".

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas

B.4.2	Oxygen/Nitrogen Medical Mixtures (nonflammable, oxidizing) where the oxygen content is greater than 23.5%		
	% Oxygen, USP ¹		
	% Nitrogen, NF ¹		
	Rx only		
WARNING	G: Administration of this gas mixture may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of gas mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes	
DANGER	 MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials. Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service. Open valve slowly. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. 	H270 H280 P202 P220 P244 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02	
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01	

The USP or NF designation may be placed before or after the component or percentage entry. As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label. Component names may appear in any order.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder, Flame over Circle	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer	

B.5 Oxygen/Helium Medical Mixtures

B.5.1 Oxygen/Helium Medical Mixtures (nonflammable, nonoxidizing) where the oxygen concentration is less than or equal to 23.5%		
	% Oxygen, USP ¹	
	% Helium, USP ¹	
	Rx only	
WARNING	Administration of this gas mixture may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of gas mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes
DANGER:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. *MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	H280 OSHA-H01 P202 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02
FIRST AID	: IF ACCIDENTLY INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	CGA-MP01
<u> </u>	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

The USP or NF designation may be placed before or after the component or percentage entry. As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label. Component names may appear in any order.

If the mixture contains concentrations of oxygen from 19.5% up to 23.5%, this statement is not allowed to be on the label.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas	

B.5.2	Oxygen/Helium Medical Mixtures (nonflammable, oxidizing) where the oxygen concentra- ion is greater than 23.5%		
	% Oxygen, USP ¹		
	% Helium, USP ¹		
	Rx only		
WARNIN	G: Administration of this gas mixture may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of gas mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes	
DANGER	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials. Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service. Open valve slowly. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	H270 H280 P202 P220 P244 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02	
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01	

The USP or NF designation may be placed before or after the component or percentage entry. As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label. Component names may appear in any order.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder, Flame over Circle
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer

B.6 Oxygen/Carbon Dioxide Mixtures

B.6.1 Oxygen/Carbon Dioxide Medical Mixtures		
	% Oxygen, USP ¹	
	% Carbon Dioxide, USP ¹	
	Rx only	
WARNING:	Administration of this gas mixture may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of gas mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials. Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service. Open valve slowly. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	H270 H280 CGA-HG03 P202 P220 P244 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF ACCIDENTLY INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	CGA-MP01
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

The USP or NF designation may be placed before or after the component or percentage entry. As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label. Component names may appear in any order.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder, Flame over Circle
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer

B.7 Oxygen/Carbon Dioxide/Nitrogen Medical Mixtures

	kygen/Carbon Dioxide/Nitrogen Medical Mixtures (nonflammable, nonoxid nere the oxygen concentration is less than or equal to 23.5%	lizing)
	% Oxygen, USP ¹	
	% Carbon Dioxide, USP ¹	
	% Nitrogen, NF ¹	
	Rx only	
WARNING:	Administration of this gas mixture may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of gas mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. *MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG03 P202 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF ACCIDENTLY INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	CGA-MP01
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

The USP or NF designation may be placed before or after the component or percentage entry. As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label. Component names may appear in any order.

NOTE—If this mixture is to be used as a respiratory challenge mix, the label may indicate "FOR USE WITH RESPIRATORY CHALLENGE DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS".

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas

^{*} If the mixture contains concentrations of oxygen from 19.5% up to 23.5%, this statement is not allowed to be on the label.

	kygen/Carbon Dioxide/Nitrogen Medical Mixtures (nonflammable, oxidizing the oxygen concentration is greater than 23.5%	g) where
	% Oxygen, USP ¹	
	% Carbon Dioxide, USP ¹	
	% Nitrogen, NF ¹	
	Rx only	
WARNING:	Administration of this gas mixture may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of gas mixtures, and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes
DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.	H270 H280 CGA-HG03
FIRST AID:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials. Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service. Open valve slowly. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P220 P244 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG22 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG07
FING FAID:	fortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

The USP or NF designation may be placed before or after the component or percentage entry. As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label. Component names may appear in any order.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder, Flame over Circle
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas and 5.1 Oxidizer

B.8 Color markings

FDA recognizes the industry practice of using a color marking system as an aid to the identification of medical gas cylinders and containers. The color marking system used by the compressed gas industry is found in CGA C-9, Standard Color Marking of Compressed Gas Containers for Medical Use [11].

Color marking systems are not to be used to identify the contents of any compressed gas container. The only means for identification of the content of any container of compressed gas shall be the chemical name or other commonly accepted name of the material legibly marked on the exterior of the container.

Appendix C—CGA labeling guide for compressed medical gases classified as medical devices (Normative)

This appendix was revised to be consistent with the labeling requirements of 21 CFR Part 801 and current industry practices as they apply to the labeling of certain compressed gases classified as medical devices in the United States [10].

The information in this guide is intended as an aid in complying with the applicable FDA regulations for the labeling of certain compressed gas mixtures classified as medical devices. This guide contains what is considered to be the minimum requirements for medical device labeling and might not contain all language necessary to comply with current FDA regulations. It is the responsibility of the gas supplier to assure that labels and markings comply with all applicable government regulations (DOT, EPA, OSHA, Transport Canada, etc.). This guide should be used in conjunction with other applicable labeling and marking information contained in this publication.

The phrases presented as material handling warnings and precautions, (i.e., not the Warning statement that begins with "Administration of ...") in the illustrative labels in section C.3.1 of this appendix are directed to the persons who are handling or administering the gas and not the person to whom the gas may ultimately be administered.

Unless an asterisk notes an exception, the GHS and CGA phrases shown on the illustrative labels in this appendix are required.

C.1 CGA definition of terms

Manufacturer—Any person or firm who produces, fills, repackages (transfills), or relabels medical device gas cylinders.

Distributor—Any person or firm who markets filled medical device gas cylinders and who has not performed any manufacturing steps such as filling, repackaging, or relabeling.

C.2 General requirements

All compressed gas medical device labels shall bear the following information:

- Name and address of manufacturer or distributor. Where the medical gas is not manufactured by the person or firm appearing on the label, as is the case with a distributor, the name identified on the label shall be qualified by the phrase:
 - "Manufactured for (name)"
 - "Distributed by (name)" or
 - Any other wording that expresses the connection between the person or firm named on the label and the medical device gas;
- Proprietary name and established name (common or usual name), if any;
- Statement of intended use;
- Lot number;
- Statement of ingredients (including % mol/mol);
- Adequate directions for use (cylinder handling and storage); and
- Net contents, in units of measure as follows:
 - If the medical gas is in a gaseous state in a high pressure final use container, it shall be expressed in liters or cubic feet qualified by the statement "at 70 °F and X psi"

- If the medical gas is in a liquefied compressed gas state in a high pressure final use container it shall be expressed in gaseous liters or by an appropriate net weight statement
- If the medical gas is in a liquefied state in a portable cryogenic final use container shall be expressed
 in gaseous liters, liquid liters (if identified as a liquid measure), gallons, or by an appropriate net weight
 statement or
- If the medical gas is in a refrigerated liquid or high pressure tube transport (i.e., non-final use container), labeling for net quantity of contents is not required.

The lot number and/or net contents may appear on the main product label or on a separate sticker instead of on the main product label. If a separate sticker is used for this information, it shall be applied in close proximity to the required main product label.

Open-topped dewars filled from a liquid nitrogen NF supply do not require drug or device product labeling but should be identified with the word "Nitrogen."

C.3 Minimum required statements

C.3.1 Lung Diffusion Mixtures

	ng Diffusion Mixture (nonflammable, nonoxidizing) where the oxygen concentes than or equal to 23.5%	tration
	"mol/mol carbon monoxide 2" mol/mol (name of gas) USP or NF when applicable 3" mol/mol (name of gas)	
	FOR USE WITH LUNG DIFFUSION DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT IN ACCORD WITH MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. NOT FOR DRUG USE.	DANCE
WARNING:	Administration of lung diffusion mixtures may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of lung diffusion mixtures and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes
DANGER: 2	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DAMAGE FERTILITY OR THE UNBORN CHILD. ² CAUSES DAMAGE TO CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE. ² *MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	H280 H360 H372 OSHA-H01
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF ACCIDENTLY INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	CGA-MP01
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

As an alternate method the statement "All concentrations are expressed as % mol/mol" or equivalent wording may be used instead of using % mol/mol after each component.

- If the mixture contains less than 1% carbon monoxide, the GHS hazard statement H372 shall not appear,
- If the mixture contains less than 0.1 % carbon monoxide, the "DANGER" signal word shall be changed to "WARNING" and the GHS hazard statement H360 and the GHS pictogram "Health Hazard" shall not appear; or
- If the mixture does not contain carbon monoxide, the % mol/mol statement shall not appear.

If carbon monoxide is not included in the mixture, these statements and the GHS pictogram "Health Hazard" shall not be used and the associated "DANGER" signal word shall be changed to "WARNING".

- As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label.
- If the mixture contains concentrations of oxygen from 19.5% up to and including 23.5%, this statement is not allowed to be on the label.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder, Health Hazard ²
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas
NOTEWhere a pictogram (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the pictogram	
specified in C.4 of OSHA's H	azard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

Some lung diffusion mixtures contain less than 1% carbon monoxide. In these cases, the following changes to this illustrative label are required:

	ng Diffusion Mixture (nonflammable, oxidizing) where the oxygen concentrati eater than 23.5%	ion is
	 % mol/mol¹ carbon monoxide ² % mol/mol (name of gas) USP or NF when applicable ³ % mol/mol (name of gas) ³ % mol/mol (name of gas) ³ % mol/mol (name of gas) 	
	FOR USE WITH LUNG DIFFUSION DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT IN ACCORD MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.	DANCE WITH
	NOT FOR DRUG USE.	
WARNING:	Administration of lung diffusion mixtures may be hazardous or contraindicated. For use only by or under the supervision of a licensed practitioner who is experienced in the use and administration of lung diffusion mixtures and is familiar with the indications, effects, dosages, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and with the hazards, contraindications and side effects, and the precautions to be taken.	Codes
*DANGER:	MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. *MAY DAMAGE FERTILITY OR THE UNBORN CHILD. ² **CAUSES DAMAGE TO CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE. ²	H270 H280 H360 H372
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service. Open valve slowly. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	P202 P244 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02
	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF ACCIDENTLY INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	CGA-MP01
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

As an alternate method the statement "All concentrations are expressed as % mol/mol" or equivalent wording may be used instead of using % mol/mol after each component.

- * If the mixture contains concentrations of carbon monoxide less than 0.1%, this statement and the GHS pictogram "Health Hazard" shall not appear on the label and the associated "DANGER" shall be changed to "WARNING".
- ** If the mixture contains concentrations of carbon monoxide greater than or equal to 1%, this statement is required on the label.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder and Flame over Circle, Health Hazard ²
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas and 5.1 Oxidizer
	n (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the pictogram Hazard Communication Standard for the same hazard shall not appear [3, 2].

Some lung diffusion mixtures do not contain carbon monoxide. If carbon monoxide is not included in the mixture, these statements shall not be used. If carbon monoxide is included in the mixture in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.10%, additional hazard and precautionary statements and the GHS pictogram "Health Hazard" are required.

As an alternate method of stating that the mixture was prepared using USP or NF gases when applicable, the USP or NF designation after each component may be eliminated, and the statement "Gases used to prepare this mixture meet USP or NF specifications where applicable" or equivalent wording may be added to the label.

C.3.2 Blood Gas Mixtures

	lood Gas Mixture (nonflammable, nonoxidizing) where the oxygen concenss than or equal to 23.5%	tration is
	<pre>% mol/mol¹ (name of gas) % mol/mol (name of gas) % mol/mol (name of gas)</pre>	
	FOR CALIBRATION OF BLOOD GAS ANALYZERS IN ACCORDANCE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.	WTH
	NOT FOR DRUG USE.	
	NOT FOR INHALATION.	
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. *MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. **MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	Codes H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG03
	 **Avoid breathing gas. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. 	P261 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention	P304, P340, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

As an alternate method the statement "All concentrations are expressed as % mol/mol" or equivalent wording may be used instead of using % mol/mol after each component.

- If the mixture contains concentrations of oxygen from 19.5% up to 23.5%, this statement shall not appear.
- ** These statements are only required when the mixture contains carbon dioxide.

Required symbols	
GHS pictogram(s) Gas cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas
	m (i.e., DOT label) required under 49 CFR 172.400 appears on a shipped container, the

C.3.2.2	Blood Gas Mixture (nonflammable, oxidizing) where the oxygen concentrating greater than 23.5%	on is
	% mol/mol ¹ (name of gas) % mol/mol (name of gas) % mol/mol (name of gas)	
	FOR CALIBRATION OF BLOOD GAS ANALYZERS IN ACCORDANCE V MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.	MTH
	NOT FOR DRUG USE.	
	NOT FOR INHALATION.	
DANGER	: MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER. CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. *MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.	Codes H270 H280 CGA-HG03
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. *Avoid breathing gas. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and rated for cylinder pressure. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service. Open valve slowly. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P244 P261 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG02
FIRST AI	D: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01

^{*} These statements are only required when the mixture contains carbon dioxide.

Gas cylinder, Flame over Circle
2.2 Nonflammable Gas, 5.1 Oxidizer
-

As an alternate method the statement "All concentrations are expressed as % mol/mol" or equivalent wording may be used instead of using % mol/mol after each component.

C.3.3 Calibration Gas Mixtures

Medical gas calibration gas mixtures can fall into three categories based on the number and concentration of their components:

- nonflammable, nonoxidizing where the oxygen concentration is less than or equal to 23.5%, including mixtures that do not contain oxygen;
- nonflammable, oxidizing where the oxygen concentration is greater than 23.5%; or
- flammable.

Because calibration gas mixtures can contain a many different components at various concentrations, illustrative labels for every possible mixture cannot be provided. In addition to the information shown below, the label for calibration gas mixtures shall include hazard and precautionary phrases as determined by using Appendix E.

% mol/mol ¹ (name of gas) mol/mol (name of gas) mol/mol (name of gas)	
FOR CALIBRATION OF MEDICAL ANALYZERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.	
NOT FOR DRUG USE.	
NOT FOR INHALATION.	

As an alternate method the statement "All concentrations are expressed as % mol/mol" or equivalent wording may be used instead of using % mol/mol after each component.

C.3.4 Laser Gases and Laser Gas Mixtures (containing components of noble gases, nitrogen, and/or carbon dioxide)			
	<pre>""" % mol/mol (name of gas) """ % mol/mol (name of gas) """ % mol/mol (name of gas)</pre>		
	FOR USE WITH MEDICAL LASER EQUIPMENT. USE IN ACCORDANCE WITH EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.		
	NOT FOR DRUG USE.		
	NOT FOR INHALATION.		
	FOR USE ONLY BY OR UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A LICENSED F WHO IS EXPERIENCED IN THE USE OF LASER EQUIPMENT.	PRACTITIONER	
WARNING:	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED. MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. *MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.	Codes H280 OSHA-H01 CGA-HG03	
	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. *Avoid breathing gas. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F). Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	P202 P261 P271+P403 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG27	
FIRST AID:	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	P304, P340, P313	
	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	OSHA-PG01	

NOTE—If the laser gas is a single component, the hazard communication information shall be consistent with the applicable illustrative label in Section 9.

* These statements are only required when the mixture contains carbon dioxide.

Required symbols		
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas cylinder	
Transportation label(s)	2.2 Nonflammable Gas	

As an alternate method the statement "All concentrations are expressed as % mol/mol" or equivalent wording may be used instead of using % mol/mol after each component.

C.3.5 Artificial Atmosphere Medical Gas Mixtures (both aerobic and anaerobic)

Artificial atmosphere medical gas mixtures can fall into three categories based upon the number and concentration of their components:

- nonflammable, nonoxidizing where the oxygen concentration is less than or equal to 23.5%, including mixtures that do not contain oxygen;
- nonflammable, oxidizing where the oxygen concentration is greater than 23.5%; or
- flammable.

Because artificial atmosphere medical gas mixtures can contain many different components at various concentrations, illustrative labels for every possible mixture cannot be provided. In addition to the information shown below, the label for artificial atmosphere medical gas mixtures shall include hazard and precautionary phrases as determined by using Appendix E.

-	% mol/mol¹ (name of gas) % mol/mol (name of gas) % mol/mol (name of gas)
	BIOLOGICAL ATMOSPHERE MIXTURE FOR CULTURE GROWTH.
	FOR LABORATORY USE ONLY.
	NOT FOR DRUG USE.
	NOT FOR INHALATION.

As an alternate method the statement "All concentrations are expressed as % mol/mol" or equivalent wording may be used instead of using % mol/mol after each component.

Appendix D—Pure product classifications (Normative)

This appendix includes the GHS classifications and corresponding hazard and precautionary phrases, signal word, and GHS pictograms for the pure gases listed in this publication.

Table D-1—Asphyxiant gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required yeardonery freement	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal					
Prec, statements: storage					
Prec, statements: esponse	P304, P340,	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403
CGA-required hazard statements		CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG03	CGA- HG01
benluper-A93 Inemetsts bresen		EPA. ODS	EPA		EPA ODS
beniupen-AH2O Inemetats brasad	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
atnemetata brasaH	H280	H280 H420	H280 H420	H280	H280 H420
noitshoqansıT lədsi	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark
brow langic	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning
Hazard category	Compressed	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer
CAS	7440-37-1	353-59-3	75-63-8	124-38-9	75-45-6
C-7 label#	1.1.6	6.1.9	5.1.8	4.1.6	£,1,9
amsn ssð	Argon	Bromochloro- diffuoromethane (R1281)	Bromotrifluoro- methane (R13B1)	Carbon Dioxide	Chlorodifluoro- methane (R22)

Table D-1—Asphyxiant gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required yecautionary statement	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements: disposal						
Prec. statements: storage						
Prec, statements; response	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403
CGA-required statements	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01
beniupen-A93 finemetists brissed		EPA ODS	EPA	EPA	EPA	EPA
baniupen-AH2O Inemetsts bressift	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
Hazard statements	H280	H280 H420	H280 H420	H280 H420	H280 H420	H280 H420
noitshoqanatī ladsl	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Nor- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas
СНЅ рісфавт(s)	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark
Signal word	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning
Нахага сатедогу	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer
unmpet C∀2	37741-3	76-15-3		2837-89-0	75-88-7	75-72-9
C-7 label #	2.1.9	£,1,9	£.1.9	£.f.e	£.f.9	6.1.9
emen ssē	Chlorohepta- fluorocyclobutane (RC317)	Chloropenta- fluoroethane (R115)	Chloropenta- fluoroethane- Chlorodifluoro- methane (R502)	1-Chloro-1,2,2,2- tetrafluoro-ethane (R124)	1-Chloro-2.2.2- frifluoroethane (R133a)	Chlorotrifluoro- methane (R13)

Table D-1—Asphyxiant gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required precautionary statement	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements: disposal						
Prec, statements: storage						
Prec. statements: response	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340. P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340. P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403
beniupen-AƏƏ stnemelsts bassed	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01
beniupen-A93 Inemelsts bressed			EPA	EPA		EPA
beniupen-AH2O Inemelsts brased	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
etnemetets braseH	H280	H280	H280 H420	H280 H420	H280	H280 H420
noidshoqensrT ledsl	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark
brow langi2	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning
Нахага сатедогу	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer
unuper CAS	124-73-2	79-35-6	75-71-8	75-43-4	356-18-3	374-07-2
C-7 label #	S.1.2	\$1.6	8.1.6	8.1.9	\$.1.8	8.1.8
emen esa	1,2-Dibromotetra- fluoroethane (R114B2)	1,2-Dichlorodi- fluoroethylene (R1112a)	Dichlorodi- fluoromethane (R12)	Dichlorofluoro- methane (R21)	1,2-Dichlorohexa- Nuorocyclobulane (RC316)	1,1-Dichlorotetra- fluoroethane (R114a)

Table D-1—Asphyxiant gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required yeseltionary statement	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements: disposal					
Prec, statements: storage					
Prec. statements: response	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340,	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P312 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements; prevention	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
CGA-required hazard	CGA- HG01		CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01
beniupen-A93 Inemelsts bressri	EPA		11		
beniupen-AH2O Inemetats brased	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
stnemetats braseH	H280 H420	H280	H280	Н280	H280 H332 H370 H373
notishoqenaTT ledsl	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Nor- flammable Gas
СНЅ рісгодівт(s)	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Health Hazard Exclamation Mark
Signal word	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning
На хага сагодогу	Liquefied gas Category 1	Compressed	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 2 Category 2 Category 3 Category 3
Hazard class	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity STOT SE liver, kidney STOT SE respiratory STOT RE kidney
unmber CAS	76-14-2	7440-59-7	431-89-0	76-16-4	116-15-4
C-7 label #	£.1.9	1.1.6	S.1.9	2.1.9	2.1.8
emen ss2	1,2-Dichlorotetra- fluoroethane (R114)	Helium	Heptafluoro- propane (R227)	Hexafluoroethane (R116)	Haxafluoroptopylene (R1216)

Table D-1—Asphyxiant gases

CGA-required precautionary strements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required precautionary statement	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements: disposal						
Prec. statements:						
Prec. statements:	P304, P340,	P313	P313, P340,	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P271+P403	P202 P271+P403	P202 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403
CGA-required hazard statements				CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01
beniupen-A93 Inemetsis bisseri						EPA
beniupen-AH2O Inemetale brased	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
etnemedate brassell	H280	H280	H280	H280	H280	H280 H420
noitshoqenstT ledsl	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2,2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- Bammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark
Signal word	Warning	Warning	Warning	Waming	Warning	Warning
Hazard calegory	Compressed	Compressed	Compressed	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressura	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer
unmper CAS	7439-90-9	7440-01-9	7727-37-9	115-25-3	7-6-19-7	354-56-3
C-1 label #	1.1.8	1,1,2	1.1.6	2.1.6	5,1,9	£.f.e
ges usus	Krypton	Neon	Mitrogen	Octafluorocy- clobulane (RC318)	Octafluoro- propane (R218)	Pentachloro- fluoroethane (R111)

Table D-1—Asphyxiant gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required processions of the continuous	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements: disposal						
Prec, statements; storage						
Prec, statements; response	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340. P313 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403
CGA-required statements	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01	CGA- HG01
beniupen-A93 Inemetsts bissed			EPA	EPA		EPA ODS
beniupen-AH2O fnemetats brassid	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	ОЅНА-	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
stnemetsts brassH	H280	H280	H280 H420	H280 H420	H280	H280 H420
notishoqananT ledsi	2.2 Nor- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark
Signal word	Warning	Waming	Warning	Warning	Warning	Warning
Нахага саївдогу	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer
CAS	354-33-6	2551-62-4	76-11-9	76-12-0	811-97-2	354-25-6
C-7 label #	2.1.2	21.8	£.f.e	£.f.e	2.1.9	8,1,8
дее изше	Pentafluoro- ethane (R125)	Sulfur hexafluoride	1,1,1,2- Tetrachloro-2,2- difluoroethane (R112a)	1,1,2,2- Tetrachloro-1,2- difluoroethane (R112)	1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)	1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoro-1- Chloroethane (R124a)

Table D-1—Asphyxiant gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required precautionary statement	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements: disposal			
Prec. statements: storage			
Prec, statements: response	P304, P340,	P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340, P313
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P271+P403	P202 P262 P271+P403	P202 P271+P403
beriuper-A-DO stnemelists braxen		CGA- HG01	
EPA-required themself			
beniupen-AH2O Inemetate brasen	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
stnemetate brazeH	H280	H280	H280
noitshoqenerT ledsl	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas
(e)msrgotoiq 2HĐ	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder
brow Isngi2	Warning	Warning	Warning
Hazard category	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas	Liquefied gas
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure
CAS	75-73-0	75-46-7	7440-63-3
C-7 label #	1,1.9	5.1.2	1,1,6
emen esõ	Tetrafluoro- methane (R14)	(R23)	Xenon

Table D-2—Flammable gases

CGA-required precautionary strements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG13 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG05	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12
OSHA-required vianoituscenq tremetsts	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	PG01	DSHA-	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal	P501		P501		
Prec, statements: storage			P405		
Prec. statements: response	P304, P340, P313 P377 P381	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P308, P313 P377 P381, P305, P351, P336, P313 P302, P361,	P377 P384, P340, P313 P302, P336,	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315
Prec, statements: prevention	P210 P202 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P201 P202 P210 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403
berluper-ADO stnemetete bresen	CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04
beriuper-A93 Inemetate brasen					
beniupen-AH2O Inemelsis bisseH	- H01	OSHA - H01		OSHA - H01	- H01
stnemetste bressH	H220 H231 H280	H220 H280	H220 H280 H340 H350	H220 H280	H220 H280
notistrogensoT ledst	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
CHS pictogram(s)	Flame Gas Cyfinder	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder Health Hazard	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder
brow langic	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
Hazard category	Category 1 Dissolved gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Calegory 1 Liquefled gas Category 1A Category 1B Category 2 Category 2A	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Skin irritation Eye irritation	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure
CAS number	74-86-2	463-49-0	106-89-0	106-97-8	106-98-9
C-7 label #	T.S.2	1.5.6	11,2.9	1.2.6	1.2.9
өшеп гьд	Acetylene	Allane	1,3-Buladiene	Butane	1-Butene

Table D-2—Flammable gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12
OSHA-required ysociusosing frements	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements; disposal					
Prec, statements: storage					
Prec. statements: response	P377 P364, P346, P313 P302, P336, P315	P377 P384, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P377 P381 P304, P340, P312, P322, P336, P315 P305, P351,	P377 P381 P304, P340,	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P261 P262 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG04 HG08	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04
beriuper-A93 fnemets brased		EPA			
benjupen-AHSO Inemetate braseH	OSHA - H01	OSHA - H01	- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA - H01
stnemetsta braseH	H220 H280	H220 H280 H420	H280 H280 H336	H220 H280	H220 H280
noisehogenerT ledel	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flam- mable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Flame Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder
brow langic	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
натаца саредоцу	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 1	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Compressed gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Hazardous to the ozone layer	Flammable gases Gases under pressure STOT SE dizziness/ drowsiness	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure
САЗ питрег	590-18-1	75-68-3	75-19-4	7782-39-0	75-37-6
C-7 label #	1.5.6	1,5,6	6.2.3	8.2.8	1.5.6
Саѕ пате	2-Butene	1-Chloro-1,1- difluoroethane (R142b)	Cyclopropane	Deuterium	1,1- Difluoroethane (R152a)

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CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG02 brecautionary CGA-required tnemetsta PG01 PG01 PG01 DSHA-PG01 PG01 brecautionary beniupen-AH2O jesodsip Prec. statements: storage Prec. statements: P377 P384, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315 P387 P381, P340, P312, P302, P336, P315 P377 P381 [P391 – for infl] shipments] P304, P340, P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P340, P336, response Prec, statements: P377 P381 P304, P313 P302, P315 P202 P210 P262 P271+P403 P202 P210 P271+P403 [P273 - for infl. shipments] P202 P210 P261 P262 P264 P271+P403 P202 P210 P271+P403 P202 P210 P271+P403 prevention Prec, statements: tazard statements CGA-FGGA-FGGA-CGA-CGA-HG04 CGA-HG04 CGA-CGA-HG04 CGA-CGA-CGA-HG04 CGA-required hazard statement **EPA-required** Inometate bressH OSHA-H01 OSHA-H01 OSHA-H01 OSHA beriupen-AHSO H220 H280 [H411-for infl. ship-ments] H220 H220 H280 H336 1220 H220 H280 Hazard statements 2.1 Flam-mable Gas 2.1 Flam-mable Gas 2.1 Flam-mable Gas 2.1 Flammable Gas 2.1 Flam-mable Gas label Transportation Flame Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark [Environ-ment - for intl. shipments] Flame Gas Cylinder Flame Gas Cylinder Flame Gas Cylinder Flame Gas Cylinder CH2 bictogram(s) Danger Danger Danger Danger Danger Signal word Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 1 Liquefied gas Liquefied gas Liquefied gas Liquefied gas Calegory 2 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 3 Hazard category Flammable gases Flammable gases Flammable gases Flammable gases Flammable gases Chronic aquatic toxicity STOT SE dizziness/ drowsiness Gases under pressure Gases under pressure Gases under Gases under Gases under pressure pressure Hazard class 107-00-6 115-10-6 463-82-1 75-10-5 74-84-0 CAS number 9.2.6 9.2.5 9.2.13 9.2.1 C-1 label # 9.2.1 Difluoro-methane (R32) Ethyl Acetylene Dimethyl Ether 2,2-Dimethyl-propane Gas name

Table D-2—Flammable gases

benieden-ADO procedired proceduling proced	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27
beniupen-AH2O ynsnoituspenq tremetsts	PG01	PG01	OSHA- PG01	PG01
Prec. statements: disposal				
Prec. statements: sperots	P405			
Prec. statements: response	P377 P381 P308, P313 P304, P340, P313	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313	P377 P381 P304, P340, P312, P336, P305, P351, P305, P351,	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313
Prec, statements: prevention	P201 P202 P210 P261 P262 P264 P270 P271+P403 P280+P284 [P273 - for inft.	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P261 P262 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403
Derinpar-A20 hazard statements	CGA- HG04	CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG08
EPA-required hexert				
beriuper-AH2O Inemetate braseH			- H01	озна-
stnemetate braseH	H220 H280 H351 (H412- for infl. ship- ments)	H220 H280	H220 H280 H336	H220 H280
notishoqansiT ledst	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
СНЅ ріссодгат(s)	Flame Health Hazard Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Flame Gas Cylinder
brow langiz	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
На хага саједогу	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 3 Category 3	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Compressed gas Category 3	Category 1 Compressed gas
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Carchogenicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure STOT SE drowsiness/ dizziness	Flammable gases Gases under pressure
CAS number	75-00-3	540-67-0	74-85-1	1333-74-0
C-7 label #	pt.2.6	51.5.6	6.2.8	8.5.6
эшви гвэ	Ethyl Chloride	Ethyl Methyl Ether	Ethylene	Hydrogen

Table D-2—Flammable gases

CGA-required precautionary strements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG01 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12
OSHA-required ysnothosony tnemetsts	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal					
Prec. statements: storage					
Prec, statements: response	P377 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336,	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336,	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313	P381 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336,
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG04 HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	СGА- НG04	CGA- CGA- HG04
beriuper-A93 Inemetals brased					
berluper-AH2O fremetsts brsssH	OSHA - H01	OSHA - H01	OSHA -H01	OSHA - H01	OSHA - H01
stnemetste bressH	H220 H280	H220 H280	H220 H280	H220 H280	H220 H280
noitshogansiT ledsl	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder
brow langiz	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
Нахага сарьдогу	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Liquefled gas	Category 1 Liquelled gas	Category 1 Compressed gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Rlammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases. Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure
CAS number	75-28-5	115-11-7	Mix	74-82-8	74-99-7
C-7 label #	1.2.6	1.2.6	1,2,9	9.2.9	1,5,6
еть пате	Isobutane	Isobutylene	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)	Methane	Methyl Acetylene

Table D-2—Flammable gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required yeardionary statement	OSHA- PG01	PG01	PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements; disposal	P501			
Prec, statements: storage	P405			
Prec. statements: esnoqeen	P308, P313 P304, P340, P312 P377 P381	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P377 P384 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336,	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313
Prec. statements: prevention	P201 P202 P210 P260 P260 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P210 P271+P403	P210 P202 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG01	CGA- HG04
beniupen-A93 fnemetsts bisserf				
berluper-AH2O Inemedsts bresseH		OSHA - H01	OSHA - H01	OSHA - H01
stnemetsts brassH	H220 H280 H332 H351 H373	H220 H280	H220 H280	H220 H280
Transportation ledsl	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame Gas Cylinder Health Hazard	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark	Flame Gas Cylinder
brow langic	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
Нахага саведогу	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 4 Category 2 Category 2	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Compressed gas
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Carcinogenicity STOT RE lung, kidney, liver, central nervous system	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure
CAS number	74-87-3	593-53-3	107-25-5	8006-14-2
# label T-O	01.2.9	1.2.9	2.2.6	6.2.9
emen ese	Methyl Chloride	Methyl Fluoride	Methyl Vinyl Ether (Vinyl Methyl Ether)	Natural Gas

Table D-2—Flammable gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required Yrsnotionary tremetsts	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal				P501	P501
Prec. statements: storage				P405	P405
Prec. statements: response	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313 P302, P336, P315	P377 P384, P340, P313 P302, P336,	P377 P381 P304, P340, P313, P302, P336, P315	P308, P313 P377 P381, P305, P351, P338, P313 P302, P361,	P308, P313 P377 P387 P306, P351, P308, P315 P302, P336,
Prec, statements: prevention	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P202 P210 P271+P403	P201 P202 P210 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P201 P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
beniupen-A22 stnometate brasen	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04	CGA- HG01 HG04
EPA-required hexad					
beniupen-AH2O Inemetate braseH	OSHA - H01	- H01	OSHA -H01		
stnemetate brazaH	H220 H280	H220 H280	H220 H280	H220 H280 H350	H220 H280 H350 H373
noitsthoganarT ledsl	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2,1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder Health Hazard	Flame Gas Cylinder Health Hazard
brow langiz	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
Hazard category	Category 1 Liquelled gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Liqueffed gas Category 1B	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 1A Category 2
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Carcinogenicity	Hammable gases Gases under pressure Carcinogenicity STOT RE liver, kidney, spleen
CAS number	74-98-6	115-07-1	420-46-2	593-60-2	75-014
C-7 label #	1.2.9	1.2.6	1,5,8	11.2.9	21,2,9
ешеи seg	Propane	Propylene	Trifluoroethane (R143a)	Vinyl Bromide	Vinyl Chloride

Table D-2—Flammable gases

CGA-required precautionary streements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG11 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27
behiupen-AH2O Yusnoifuspanq Inemetata	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal	
Prec. statements: storage	
Prec. statements: response	P308, P313 P377 P384, P340, P312, P302, P336, P315
Prec, statements: prevention	P201 P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
Devined Statement Street	CGA- HG01 CGA- HG04
EPA-required frament	
beriupen-AH2O Inemetats braseH	OSHA - H01
etnemetals braseH	H220 H280 H336 H341 H350 H373
notishoqenatT ledsl	2.1 Flammable Gas
CHS pictogram(s)	Flame Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark Health Hazard
brow langic	Danger
Нахага саједогу	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 2 Category 1A (1B) Category 3 Category 3
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity STOT SE drowsiness/ dizziness STOT RE liver
CAS number	75-02-5
# ledel T-O	4.2.4
emsn zsə	Vinyl Fluoride

Table D-3—Flammable liquids

CGA-required precau- tionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG27	
OSHA-required memetsta ynsnoituscang	OSHA- PG01	PG01	
Prec. statements: disposal	P501		
Prec. statements: storage	P405		
Prec. statements: response	P377 P381 P304, P340, P310 P301, P331, P305, P361, P308, P373 P302, P313 P332, P313 P337, P313	P377 P381 P304, P340, P312 P305, P351, P338, P313 P337, P313 P337, P313 P301, P331, P301, P331, P301, P331,	
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P210 P240 P241 P242 P261 P262 P261 P262	
Drazed heavend hazard statements	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG11	HG04	
EPA-required hazard themstard			
bassed beniupen-AHSO Inemetata			
etnemetate braseH	H224 H315+ H320+ H335 H330	H224 H315+ H304 H336	
ledsi nolishoqansıT	6.1 Poison Inhalation Hazard 3 Flammable Liquid	3 Flammable Liquid	
(s)msrgototot SHD	Flame Skull and Crossbones Exclamation Mark	Flame Exclamation Mark Health Hazard	
brow langi2	Danger	Danger	
Нахага саједоц)	Category 1 Category 1 Category 2B Category 2 Category 3 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1	Calegory 1 Calegory 2 Calegory 2 Calegory 3 Calegory 3	
Hazard class	Flammable liquid Acute inhalation toxicity Acute oral toxicity Eye irritation Stin irritation STOT RE: Respiratory irritant Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Flammable liquid Skin irritant Eye irritant Aspiration hazard STOT SE dizziness/ drowsiness	
CAS number	74-90-8	563-45-1	
C-7 label #	2.2.9	1.5.0	
Gas name	Cyanide	3-Methyl- 1-butene	

Table D4—Pyrophoric materials

CGA-required precautionary strements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG18	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG18
OSHA-required yrecautionary statement	PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal			
Prec. statements: storage	P422,		
Prec, statements: response	P377 P381 P370, P378 P302, P334, P310	P377 P381 P304, P340	P304, P340, P312 P377 P381
Prec, statements: prevention	P202 P210 P220 P240 P241 P242 P243 P260 P271+P403	P202 P210 P222 P271+P403	P202 P210 P222 P261 P271+P403
CGA-required statements			
beriuper-A93 fremetate brased			
beniupen-AH2O finemetsts brisseH			
stnemetate braseH	H250 H260 H314 H400 H410	H220 H250 H280	H220 H280 H332 H250
ledsi noitstroqensiT	4.2 Spontaneously Combustible 4.3 Dangerous When Wet	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
СНЗ Бісговівш(s)	Flame Environment Corrosion	Flame Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder Exclamation Mark
Signal word	Danger	Danger	Danger
Hazard category	Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1	Category 1 Liquefied gas	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 4
Pazard class	Pyrophoric liquid Water-reactive Skin corrosivity Aquatic acute toxicity Aquatic chronic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity
CAS number	544-97-8	1590-87-0	7803-62-5
C-7 label#	6,4,6	2,4,8	1,4.9
emen esə	zinc zinc	Disilane	Silane

Table D-5—Oxidizing gases and air

CGA-required yes continued be seen to be continued by the	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG21 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG22	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG21 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG22	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required yrecartionary fremetsta	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	озна-
Prec. statements: disposal				
Prec. statements: storage				
Prec. statements: response		P304, P340, P312 P370+ P376	P370+ P376 P304, P340, P312, P336, P315	P370+
Prec. statements: prevention	P202	P202 P220 P244 P260 P271+ P403	P202 P220 P244 P261 P262 P271+ P403	P202 P220 P244 P271+ P403
CGA-required stranger that the stranger of the	CGA- HG24	CGA- HG10 CGA- HG11	CGA- HG01	
EPA-required frament				
beniupen-AH2O finemetsts bresseH			OSHA- H01	
Hazard statements	H280	H270 H280 H332 H371	H270 H280 H336	H280
ledsl nolishoqensıT	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable gas 5.1 Oxidizer	2.2 Non- flammable Gas 5.1 Oxidizer	2.2 Nor- flammable Gas 5.1 Oxidizer
СНЗ рістодгат(s)	Gas Cylinder	Flame over Circle Exclamation Mark Gas Cylinder Health Hazard	Gas Cylinder Flame over Circle Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Flame over Circle
Signal word	Warning	Danger	Danger	Danger
Hazard category	Compressed gas	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 4 Category 2	Compressed gas Category 1 Category 3	Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Oxidizing Gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity STOT RE blood	Gases under pressure Oxidizing gas STOT SE dizzi- ness/drowsiness	Gases under pressure Oxidizing gas
Tedmun SAO	132259-10-0	7783-54-2	10024-97-2	7782-44-7
C-7 label #	\$.2.6	6.2.9	1.2.9	2.8.9
Gas name	Air	Nitrogen Trifluoride	Nitrous Oxide	Oxygen

Table D-6—Refrigerated liquefied gases

CGA-required yardinesary stromatsta	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG24 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG24 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG24 CGA-PG26	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG28 CGA-PG28
OSHA-required precautionary stalement	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal				
Prec, statements: storage				
Prec, statements; response	P304, P340 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340 P302, P336, P315	P377 P381 P304, P340 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P271+P403 P282	P202 P271+P403 P282	P202 P271+P403 P282	P202 P210 P271+P403 P282
beniupar-AOO hazard statements		CGA- HG03		CGA- HG04 CGA- HG08
beniupen-A93 Inemetete bressent				
beniupen-AH2O Inemetate bresself	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01	OSHA- H01
stnemetsts brassH	HZ81	H281	H281	H220 H281
ledsl nollsthoqansnT	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- llammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder
brow Isngi2	Warning	Warning	Warning	Danger
Наzэнд сэрөдогу	Refrigerated Liqueffed gas	Refrigerated Liquefied gas	Refrigerated Liquefied gas	Category 1 Refrigerated Liqueffed gas
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Flammable gases Gases under pressure
redmun SAO	7440-37-1	124-38-9	7440-59-7	1333-74-0
C-7 Label#	1.8.9	2.8.6	€.8.9	۶٬8.6
ewen seð	Argon, Refrigerated Liquid	Carbon Dioxide, Refrigerated Liquid	Hellum, Refrigerated Liquid	Hydrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

Table D-6—Refrigerated liquefied gases

Devined-required processing streamstate	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG24 CGA-PG26 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG24 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG22 CGA-PG28 CGA-PG28	CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG20 CGA-PG30 CGA-PG22 CGA-PG23 CGA-PG24 CGA-PG28
OSHA-required yiscautionary statement	PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec, statements: disposal				
Prec. statements: storage				
Prec, statements: response	P304, P346 P302, P336, P315	P304, P340 P302, P336, P315	P370+P376 P304, P340, P312 P302, P336, P315	P370+P376 P302, P336, P315
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P271+P403 P282	P202 P271+P403 P282	P202 P220 P244 P261 P271+P403 P282	P202 P220 P244 P271+P403 P282
CGA-required hazard statements				CGA- HG13
beniupen-A93 fremetets bressed				
berlupes-AH2O Inemetata biasaH	OSHA- H01	ОЅНА-	OSHA- H01	
stramatsts brassH	H281	H281	H270 H281 H336	H281
ledsi notistroqenerT	Rammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas	2.2 Non- flammable Gas 5.1 Oxidizer	2.2 Non-flammable Gas 5.1 Oxidizer
GHS pictogram(s)	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Flame over Circle Exclamation Mark	Gas Cylinder Flame over Circle
Signal word	Warning	Warning	Danger	Danger
Нахага сабедогу	Refrigerated Liquefied gas	Refrigerated Liquefied gas	Compressed gas Category 1 Category 3	Refrigerated Liqueffed gas Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure	Gases under pressure Oxidizing gas STOT SE dizziness/ drowsiness	Gases under pressure Oxidizing gas
Tedmun SAO	7440-01-9	7727-37-9	10024-97-2	7782-44-7
C-7 Label#	6.8.9	f.8.e	9.9.6	6.8.9
emen sse	Neon, Refrigerated Liquid	Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	Nitrous Oxide, Refrigerated Liquid	Oxygen, Refrigerated Liquid

Table D-7—Toxic liquids and gases

CGA-required precentionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG28 CGA-PG28
OSHA-required precautionary statement	PG01	PG01	PG01
Prec. stalements: disposal	PS01	P501	P501
Prec. stalements: storage	P405	P405	P405
Prec, stalements: response	P377 P381, P304, P340, P310 P308, P313	P377 P381, P304, P340, P311	P377 P381 P304, P340, P311
Proc. statements: prevention	P201 P202 P210 P260 P271+P403 P273 P280+P284	P202 P210 P260 P271+P403 P280	P202 P210 P261 P271+P403 P280+P284
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG04 HG11	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG10	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG16 HG16
beniupen-A93 hexard statement			
beniupen-AHZO tnemetsts bressH			
einemetate brazaH	H220 H280 H351 H351 H410	H220 H280 H331 H360 H372	H220 H280 H331
ladsi noitstroqansıT	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas
CH2 bictogram(s)	Flame Health Hazard Skull and Crossbones Environment Gas Cylinder	Flame Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones Health Hazard	Flame Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones
brow langi2	Danger	Danger	Danger
Hazard category	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1	Category 1 Compressed gas Category 3 Category 1 Category 1A	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 3
eselo bieseH	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Carcinogenicity STOT RE: blood, liver, kidney, other organs Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity STOT RE: Central nervous system Reproductive toxicant	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity
CAS	7784-42-1	630-08-0	463-58-1
# leds! 7-2	€T6	1726	8,7,9
Gas name	Arsine	Garbon	sulfide

Table D-7—Toxic liquids and gases

Deningation of the control of the co	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG19 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10
OSHA-required precautionary framentsta	PG01	PG01	PG01
Prec. statements: disposal	P501	P501	P501
Prec. statements: storage	P405	P405	P405
Prec, statements: response	P377 P381 P304, P340, P310 P308, P313 P305, P351, P338, P313 P302, P352, P362+P364, P313	P377 P381 P304, P340, P310 P308, P313 P305, P351, P338, P313 P302, P352+P364, P313	P377 P381, P304, P340, P306, P351, P338, P313 P302, P352, P382, P352, P382, P382, P382, P383,
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 [P273 – for Inf1 shipments] P280+P284	P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG04 HG11	CGA- HG04 HG11	CGA- CGA- HG11
bariupar-A93 framelsts brassh			
DSHA-required frament			
elnemetate braseH	H220 H280 H315+ H320 H330	H220 H280 H315+ H320 H330 [H410 - for Inff ship- ments]	H220 H250 H280 H315+ H320 H371
ledsi noitshoqansıT	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas
снг ысродияш(г)	Flame Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder	Flame Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder [Ervironment - for Int!] shipments]	Flame Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder Health Hazard
brow langi2	Danger	Danger	Danger
Hazard category	Category 1 Liqueffed gas Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 1	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 1	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Acute oral toxicity Eye Irritation Skin irritation Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Acute oral toxicity Eye irritation Skin irritation Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin irritation Eye irritation STOT SE lung, kidney and central nervous system STOT RE central nervous system
CAS	460-19-5	13536-95-3	19287-45-7
C-7 label #	p.T.e	b'2'6	8.7.6
aman eað	Cyanogen	selenide selenide	Diborane

Table D-7—Toxic liquids and gases

CGA-required procedulously statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	
OSHA-required present statement	PG01	PG01	
Prec, statements: disposal	P501	P501	
Prec. statements: storage	P405	P405	
Prec. statements: response	P377 P381 P304, P340, P311 P306, P351, P338, P313 P302, P352, P3624P364, P313	P377 P381 P304, P340. P310	
Prec, statements: prevention	P201 P202 P210 P260 P260 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P210 P240 P241 P242 P243 P266 P266 P264 P270 P271+P403	
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG11	CGA- HG04 HG11 HG11	
beniupen-A93 framents brexed			
beriuper-AH2O frometste bressH			
elnemetate braseH	H220 H315+ H320 H317 H331 H340 H360 H360 H372	H220 H330 H370	
ledsi notistroqensiT	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	
СН2 ріссодівш(s)	Flame Health Hazard Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder	Flame Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder Health Hazard	
brow langi2	Danger	Danger	
Hazard category	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 3 Category 2 Category 1B Category 1B Category 1B Category 1B Category 1B Category 1A Category 1	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 2 Category 2	
essio bisse	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin irritation Skin sensitization Eye irritation Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity STOT SE. Respiratory irritation STOT RE. Liver, nervous system Reproductive toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity STOT RE: blood, liver, kidney, other organs	
unmper CAS	75-21-8	7782-65-2	
C-7 label #	11.7.6	2.7.6	
eman ead	Ethylene oxide	Germane	

Table D-7—Toxic liquids and gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG16 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG20	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG19 CGA-PG20 CGA-PG20 CGA-PG29 CGA-PG29	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG20 CGA-PG20
OSHA-required statement statement	PG01	PG01	PG01
Prec, statements: disposal	P501	P501	P501
Prec. statements: storage	P405	P405	P405
Prec, statements: response	P377 P384, P340, P304, P340, P308, P313 P305, P351, P308, P313, P302, P352, P362+P364, P313	P377 P381 P304, P340. P310	P377 P381 P304, P340, P310 P305, P351, P338, P313 P302, P352, P3624-P364, P313
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P210 P260 P262 P271+P403 [P273 – for int1 shipments] P280+P284	P202 P210 P260 P271+P403 [P273 – for int1 shipments] P280+P284	P201 P260 P262 P210 P271+P403 P280+P284 P202 [P273 - for intl.
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HGD4 CGA- HG11	CGA- CGA- CGA- CGA- CGA- HG16	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG11
EPA-required hazard			ODS
bariupar-AH2O Inamatsta braseH			
stnemetste brezeH	H220 H280 H315+ H320 H330 [H410 - for int! ship- ments]	H220 H280 H330 H335 [H400 - for intl. ship- ments]	H221 H330 H319 H319 H280 H373 H341 H420 PH200 PH200 H300 H300 H300 H300 H300 H300 H300
ledal nottahoqananT	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas
СНЅ ріссодгат(s)	Flame Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder [Environment - for intt. shipments]	Flame Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones [Environment - for infl.	Gas Cylinder Flame Skull and Crossbones Health Hazard Exclamation Mark [Environment — for Int'l
brow langi2	Danger	Danger	Danger
Нахага сяєвопу	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 7 Category 1	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 2 Category 3 Category 1	Liquefied gas Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2A Category 3 Category 2
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Acute oral toxicity Eye irritation Skin irritation Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity STOT SE: respiratory tract Acute aquatic toxicity	Gases under pressure Flammable gases Acute inhalation toxicity Mutagenicity Skin irritation Eye irritation STOT SE: respiratory tract STOT RE: Central nervous system, lung, kiddrey, liver Chronic aquatic toxicity
unmper CAS	7783-07-5	7783-06-4	74-83-9
# label #-	b'2'6	9.7.6	6.7.6
emen eeð	Hydrogen selenide	Sulfide sulfide	bramide bramide

Table D-7—Toxic liquids and gases

bariuper-A20 vienotiusparq strements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG17 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required precautionary statement	OSHA- PG01	PG01	PG01
Prec, statements; disposal	P501	P501	
Prec. stalements: storage	P405	P405	P405
Prec, statements: response	P377 P381 P394, P340, P311	P377 P381 P304, P340, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310 P303, P361, P353, P363,	P377 P384, P340, P311
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P210 P261 P261 P271+P403 P280+P284 [P273 - for infl. shipments]	P202 P210 P260 P271+P403 P280+P284 [P273 - for infl. shipments]	P202 P210 P261 P262 P271+P403
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG04	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG11	CGA- HG04 CGA- HG01
PA-required framement branches			
beniupen-AH2O Inemetats braseH			
alnemetate braseH	H220 H280 H331 [H410 - for infl. ship- menfs]	H220 H250 H280 H314 H330 (H400 - for intl. ship- ments]	H220 H280 H331
ledsi noitstroqensıT	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas
СНЗ рісродівш(в)	Flame Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones [Environment - for intt. shipments]	Flame Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones Corrosion [Environment -for intl. shipments]	Flame Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder Health Hazard Exclamation Mark
Signal word	Danger	Danger	Danger
Hazard category	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 3 Category 1 Category 1	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 1 Category 1 Category 1	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 3
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion Eye damage/eye irritation Acute aqualic toxicity	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity
unuper CV2	74-93-1	7803-51-2	79-38-9
C-7 label #	01-2-6	2.7.6	S1.7.9
emsn esə	Methyl	Phosphine	Chlorocth- ylene (R1113)

Table D-8—Toxic and corrosive liquids and gases

Gas name	Boron Trichloride	Trifluoride	Chlorine	Chloride
C-7 label #	1.8.8	6.8.9	A.8.9	1.8.6
CAS number	10294-34-5	7637-07-2	7782-50-5	7698-05-7
Hazard class	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damageleye irritation STOT SE respiratory tract	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damageleye irritation STOT SE respiratory tract STOT RE kidney	Oxidizing gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation STOT SE: respiratory tract Acute aquatic toxicity	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation loxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Hazard category	Liquefied gas Category 3 Category 1 Category 1	Compressed gas Galegory 2 Category 1 A Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 2	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 2 Category 1 Category 1 Category 3 Category 3	Liquefied gas Category 3 Category 1A Category 1
Signal word	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Gas Cylinder	Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Health Hazard	Flame over Circle Skull and Crossbones Gas Cyfinder Corrosion [Environment - for int].	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Gas Cylinder
ledel nottethoqenerT	2.3 Toxic Gas B Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 5.1 Oxidizer 8 Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive
atnemetate brasaH	H280 H331 H314	H280 H314 H330 H371	H330 H280 H314 H270 [H400 - for intl. ship- ments]	H280 H331 H314
beniupen-AHZO tnemetste braseH beniupen-A93 tnemetste brased				
CGA-required hazard statements	CGA- HG22	CGA- HG11 CGA- HG22	CGA- HG22	CGA- HG22
Prec, statements: prevention	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P280+P284 P244 P202 P200 P260 P264 P271+P403 [P273-for inft.	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
Prec. statements: response	P304, P340, P311 P303, P361, P363, P363, P310 P306, P351, P336, P310	P304, P340, P310 P303, P361, P353, P363, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310	P370+P376 P304, P340, P305, P351, P338, P310 P303, P361, P353, P363, P310	P304, P340, P311 P303, P361, P353, P363, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310
Prec. statements: storage	P405	P405	P405	P405
Prec. statements:	P501	P501	P501	P501
OSHA-required yashined themsent	OSHA- PG01	PG01	PG01	OSHA- PG01
CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG16 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+

Table D-8—Toxic and corrosive liquids and gases

CGA-required precautionary streements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10
OSHA-required yrscautionary statement	OSHA- PG01	PG01	OSHA- PG01	PG01
Prec. statements: disposal	P501	P501	P504	P501
Prec. statements: storage	P405	P405	P405	P405
Prec. statements: response	P377 P381, P303, P361, P303, P361, P310 P304, P340, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310	P304, P340, P311 P303, P361, P353, P363, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310	P304, P340, P311 P303, P381, P353, P383, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310, P304, P340, P311, P305, P351, P338, P310
Prec, statements: prevention	P202 P210 P280+P284 P260 P264 P271+P403	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P261 P261 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P261 P262 P264 P270 P271 P270
CGA-required statements	CGA- HG22 CGA- HG11	CGA- HG22	CGA- HG22	CGA- HG22 CGA- HG11
DSHA-required Hazard statement beniuper-A93 chemetats brassing				
Hazard statements	H220 H280 H314 H330	H331 H314	H280 H331 H314	H310 H314 H331
ledsi notistroqansiT	2.3 Toxic Gas 2.1 Flam- mable Gas 8 Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive	8 Corrosive 6.1 Poison Inhalation Hazard
GH2 bictogram(s)	Flame Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Gas Cylinder	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Gas Cylinder	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Gas Cylinder	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion
Signal word	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
Нахаю сярдой	Category 1 Liquefled gas Category 2 Category 18 Category 1	Liquefied gas Catagory 3 Catagory 14 Catagory 1 Catagory 3	Liquefied gas Category 3 Category 14 Category 1	Category 3 Category 1 Category 1A Category 1
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/inflation Serious eye damage/eye inflation STOT SE: respiratory tract	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation STOT SE respiratory tract	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Acute inhalation toxicity Acute dermal toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation
CAS number	4109-86-0	10035-10-6	7647-01-0	7664-39-3
C-7 label#	5.8.6	r.8.e	1.8.9	9.8.6
emen seð	Silane	Hydrogen Bromide	Hydrogen Chloride	Hydrogen Fluoride

Table D-8—Toxic and corrosive liquids and gases

Den-required Viscoutionary striements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG30	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20-	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG20	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10
OSHA-required yracoutionary statement	OSHA- PG01	PG01	PG01	OSHA- PG01
Prec. statements: disposal	P501	P501	P501	P501
Prec. statements: storage	P405	P405	P405	P405
Prec. statements: response	P304, P340, P311, P303, P361, P353, P363, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310	P304, P340, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310, P303, P363, P353, P363, P353, P363,	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310 P304, P340, P305, P351, P338, P310	P304, P340, P311 P303, P361, P353, P363, P310 P305, P351, P336, P310
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P280+P284 P260 P202 P264 P271+P403	P202 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284	P202 P261 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284
CGP-required statements	CGA- HG22	CGA- HG11 CGA- HG22	HG22	CGA- HG22
beniupen-AH2O standstate basset beniupen-AG3 inemetate brased				
Hazard statements	H280 H331 H314	H330 H280 H314	H280 H314 H330	H280 H331 H314
ledsi notistroqensiT	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Cornsive
GHS pictogram(s)	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Gas Cylinder	Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder Corrosion	Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones Comosion	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Gas Cylinder
brow langi2	Danger	Danger	Danger	Danger
Нахага сагодогу	Liquefied gas Category 3 Category 1A	Liquefied gas Catagory 1 Catagory 18 Catagory 1	Compressed gas gas Category 1 Category 1 Category 1	Liquefled gas Category 3 Category 18 Category 1
Hazard class	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/initation Serious eye damageleye irritation STOT SE: respiratory tract	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious aye damageleye irritation	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/initation Serious eye damage/eye initation
(edmun &A)	10034-85-2	7544-5	7783-61-1	7446-09-5
# label 7-0	f.8.8	7.8.6	5.8.6	1.8.6
eman zee	Hydrogen lodide	Phosgene	Silicon Tetra-fluoride	Sulfur Dioxide

Table D-8—Toxic and corrosive liquids and gases

CGA-required precautionary streements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG19 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10	
OSHA-required statement statement	OSHA- PG01	
Prec. statements: disposal	P501	
Prec, statements: storage	P405	
Prec. statements: response	P303, P361, P353, P363, P310, P304, P340, P310, P305, P351, P338, P310	
Prec, statements: prevention	P202 P260 P264 P271+P403 P280+P284	
CGA-required hezerts	CGA- HG22 CGA- HG11	
beniupen-AH2O Inemelata bassH beniupen-A93 Inemelata bassA		
stnamatats bissaft	H280 H314 H330	
ledsi noitstroqensıT	2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive	
СНЅ рістодгат(s)	Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Ges Cylinder	
Signal word	Danger	
няхэц сэрэдогу	Liquefied gas Category 2 Category 1A Category 1 Category 3	
Hazard class	Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation STOT SE: respiratory tract	
CAS number	7783-62-6	
C-7 label #	8.8.9	
Gas name	Tungsten Hexafluoride	

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CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG22+ CGA-PG32 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG22+ CGA-PG32 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG20+ CGA-PG10 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG12 statements CGA-PG12 CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG33 CGA-PG33 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG27 brecautionary CGA-required Inemelale DSHA-PG01 DSHA-PG01 DSHA-PG01 brecautionary beniupen-AH2O jesodsip P501 P501 P501 Prec. statements: Storage P405 P405 P405 Prec, statements: P303, P361, P353 P304, P340, P306, P351, P306, P351, P338, P313 P303, P361, P353 P304, P340, P310 P305, P351, P338, P313 P303, P361, P363, P304, P340, P310 P305, P351, P338, P313 P370+P376 P370+P376 P370+P376 response Prec. statements: P202 P220 P244 P260 P262 P271+P403 P201 P202 P220 P244 P260 P262 P201 P202 P220 P244 P260 P264 P271+P403 shipments] P280+P284 [P273 - for int'l prevention Prec. statements: CGA-CGA-HG22 CGA-CGA-HG22 CGA-HG11 stnometate brasen CGA-required hazard statement EPA-required inamatets bresent Daniupan-AH2O H270 H280 H314 H330 [H400 - for inf! shipments] Hazard statements H270 H280 H314 H330 H270 H280 H314 H330 H371 2.3 Toxic Gas 5.1 Oxidizer 5.1 Oxidizer 5.1 Oxidizer 8 Corrosive 8 Corrosive 8 Corrosive 2.3 Toxic Gas 2.3 Toxic Gas Transportation label [Environment - for intl. shipments] Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones Corrosion Skull and Crossbones Gas Cylinder Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones Flame over Circle Flame over Circle Corrosion Corrosion GHS pictogram(s) Danger Danger Danger Signal word Category 18 Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 1A Category 1A Category 1 Category 3 Compressed Category 3 Category 1 gas Category 1 gas Category 1 Category 1 Compressed Category 2 Category 1 Category 1 Hazard category STOT SE respiratory tract Serious eye damage/eye irritation STOT SE respiratory tract pressure Acute inhalation Skin corro-sion/irritation Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corro-sion/irritation Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corro-sion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye initation Oxidizing Gases Oxidizing gases Oxidizing gases Acute aquatic toxicity Gases under pressure Gases under Gases under pressure Hazard class toxicity 1010243-9 7790-91-2 7782-41-4 CAS number 1.8.6 2.6.6 6.9.3 C-7 label # Chlorine Trifluoride Fluorine SES NAME NItric Oxide

Table D-9—Toxic, oxidizing, and corrosive gases

CGA-required precautionary statements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG18 CGA-PG21 CGA-PG27 CGA-PG27		
OSHA-required yrsoautionary statement	PG01		
Prec. statements: disposal	P501		
Prec. statements; storage	P405		
Prec. statements: eznoqeat	P370+P376 P303, P361, P353, P304, P340, P310 P305, P351, P338, P310 P332, P313		
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P220 P244 P260 P262 P271+P403 P280+P284		
CGA-required hazard	CGA- HG11		
beriuper-A93 fremetate brazen			
beniupen-AH20 Inemetste brezen			
atnematate brasell	H270 H280 H314 H330 H371		
leds nollshogensiT	2.3 Toxic Gas 5.1 Oxidizer 8 Comosive		
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame over Circle Gas Cylinder Skull and Crossbones Corrosion		
brow langis	Danger		
Mazard category	Category 1 Liqueffed gas Category 1 Category 1		
eselo breseH	Oxidizing gases Gases under pressure Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corro- sion/irritation Serious eye damageleye irritation		
CAS number	10102-44-0		
C-7 label #	p.e.e		
emen seð	Nitrogen Dioxide		

Table D-10—Corrosive liquids and gases

CGA-required processive precentionary streets	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG204 CGA-PG204 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG204 CGA-PG204 CGA-PG207
OSHA-required yield statement atatement	OSHA- PG01	PG01	PG01
Prec. statements: disposal	P501	P501	P501
Prec. statements: storage			
Prec. statements: response	P377 P381, P303, P361, P353, P363, P310 P304, P340, P312 P305, P351, P338, P310	P304, P340, P317 P387 P306, P351, P308, P310, P303, P361, P353, P363, P313	P304, P340, P312 P377 P381, P305, P351, P303, P361, P353, P363, P353, P363, P313,
Prec. statements: prevention	P210 P260 P280 P273 P262 P202 P271+P403	P202 P210 P261 P264 P271+P403 P280	P202 P210 P261 P264 P271+P403 P280
CGA-required hazard	CGA- HG22		
beriupen-A93 Inemetets bresed			
beniupen-AHZO Inemetsts brassH			
Hazard statements	H280 H332 H214 H400	H220 H280 H318 H332 H335	H220 H280 H332 H335 H335
ledel nolletroqenerT	2.2 Non- flammable Gas [2.3 Toxic Gas 8 Corrosive - for inti: shipments]	2.1 Flammable Gas	2.1 Flammable Gas
(s)mergotoiq SHĐ	Exclamation Mark Gas Cylinder Corrosion [Environment - for intl. shipments] [Skull & Crossbones— for int' shipments]	Flame Exclamation Mark Gas Cylinder Corrosion	Flame Exclamation Mark Gas Cylinder Corrosion
Signal word	Danger	Danger	Danger
Нахага сагодогу	Category 2 Liqueffed gas Category 1b Category 4 Category 3	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 4 Category 2 Category 1 Category 3	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 4 Category 2 Category 1 Category 3
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Skin corrosion Acute inhalation toxicity STOT SE respiratory tract	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute Inhalation toxicity Skin irritation Eye damage STOT SE respiratory tract	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute Inhalation toxicity Skin irritation Eye damage STOT SE respiratory tract
Tedmun SAO	7664-41-7	124-40-3	75-04-7
# label T-O	1.01.9	8.01.9	E.01.9
Gas name	Anthydrous	amine	Mono- ethyla- mine

Table D-10—Corrosive liquids and gases

beningen-ASS viscoultoneng etnements	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG204 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27	CGA-PG02 CGA-PG05 CGA-PG06 CGA-PG12 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG10 CGA-PG27
OSHA-required yrecautionary statement	PG01	PG01	PG01
Prec, statements: disposal	P501	P501	P501
Prec. statements: storage		P405	
Prec. statements: response	P304, P340, P312 P377 P387 P305, P351, P338, P310, P353, P363, P353, P363, P352, P313	P303, P361, P363, P363, P310 P312 P305, P351, P336, P310 P332, P313 P370, P378	P304, P340, P312 P377 P381 P305, P361, P308, P310 P303, P361, P353, P363, P332, P313
Prec. statements: prevention	P202 P210 P261 P264 P271+P403 P280	P202 P223 P231+P232 P260 P264 P233 P271+P403 P210 P241 P242 P242 P240 P240 P280	P202 P210 P261 P264 P271+P403 P280
CGA-required hazard statements		CGA- HG04 CGA- HG22	
beniupen-A93 Inemelsts bressin			
beniupen-AH2O finemetate braseH			
straments breself	H220 H280 H318 H332 H335	H260 H314 H224 H332	H220 H280 H332 H335 H315
ledel notistroqenerT	2.1 Flammable Gas	4,3 Dangerous When Wet 3 Flammable Liquid 8 Corrosive	2.1 Flammable Gas
GHS pictogram(s)	Flame Exclamation Mark Gas Cylinder Corrosion	Corrosion	Flame Exclamation Mark Gas Cylinder Corrosion
brow langi2	Danger	Danger	Danger
Нагаги саводогу	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 2 Category 2 Category 1 Category 3	Category 1 Category 1A Category 1A Category 1 Category 3 Category 1	Category 1 Liquefied gas Category 4 Category 2 Category 1 Category 3
Hazard class	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute Inhalation toxicity Skin irritation Eye damage STOT SE respiratory tract	Flammable liquids Acute inhalation toxicity Skin corroston/irritation Serious eye dam- age/eye irritation STOT SE respiratory tract Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gas	Flammable gases Gases under pressure Acute Inhalation toxicity Skin irritation Eye damage STOT SE respiratory tract
CAS number	74-89-5	10025-78-2	75-50-3
C-7 (abe) #	5,01,9	Z.01.9	8,01,9
emen ase	Mono- methyla- mine	Silane silane	amine amine

Appendix E—Gaseous mixture classification decision tree (Normative)

Appendix E provides a decision tree to determine the classification of gaseous mixtures in accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard [2].

NOTE—Figures E-1 through E-13 have been adapted with permission from EIGA Doc 169/13 [14].

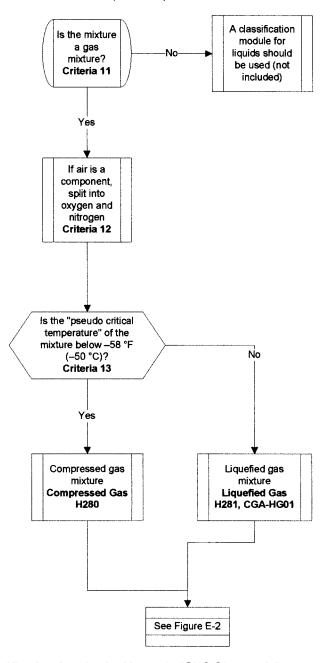


Figure E-1—Classification for physical hazards (GHS Chapter 2.5: gases under pressure)

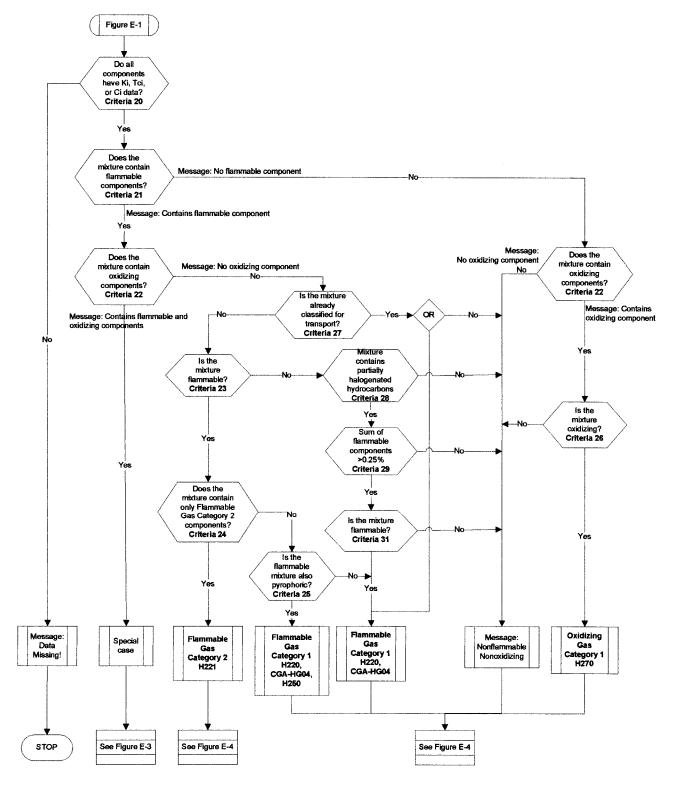
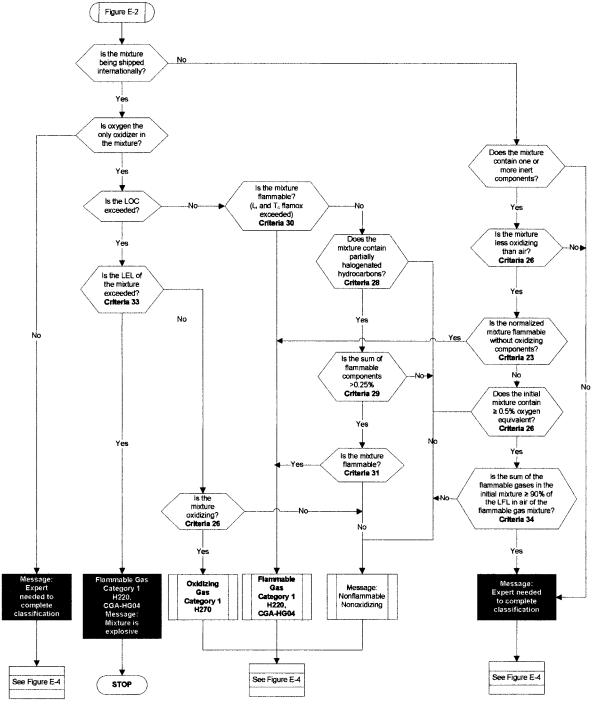
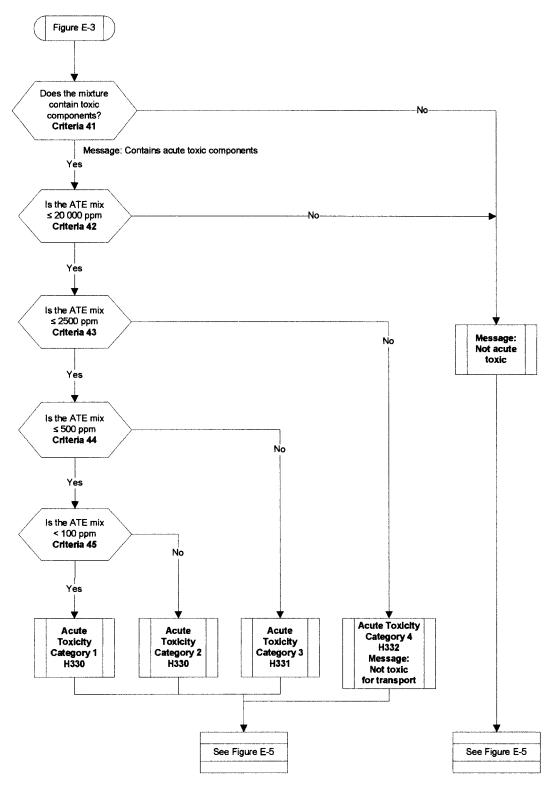


Figure E-2—Classification for physical hazards (GHS Chapters 2.2 and 2.4: mixture contains Flammable gases OR Oxidizing gases)



NOTE—The feasibility for the safe manufacture of new oxidant-fuel mixtures should be verified by an expert. For additional information, see CGA P-58 [16].

Figure E-3—Classification for physical hazards (GHS Chapters 2.2 and 2.4 cont.: mixture contains Flammable gases AND Oxidizing gases according to flamox rules in ISO 10156:2010 for international or ISO 10156:1996 for domestic)



NOTE—The LC₅₀ values for most of the gases shown this publication are found in CGA P-20, Standard for the Classification of Toxic Gas Mixtures [17].

Figure E-4—Classification for health hazards (GHS Chapter 3.1: acute toxicity)

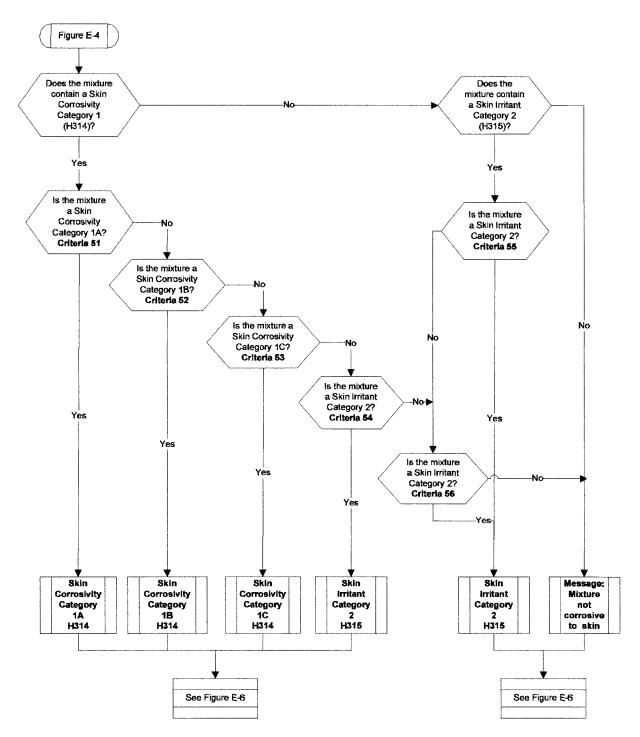


Figure E-5—Classification for health hazards (GHS Chapter 3.2: skin corrosion/irritation)

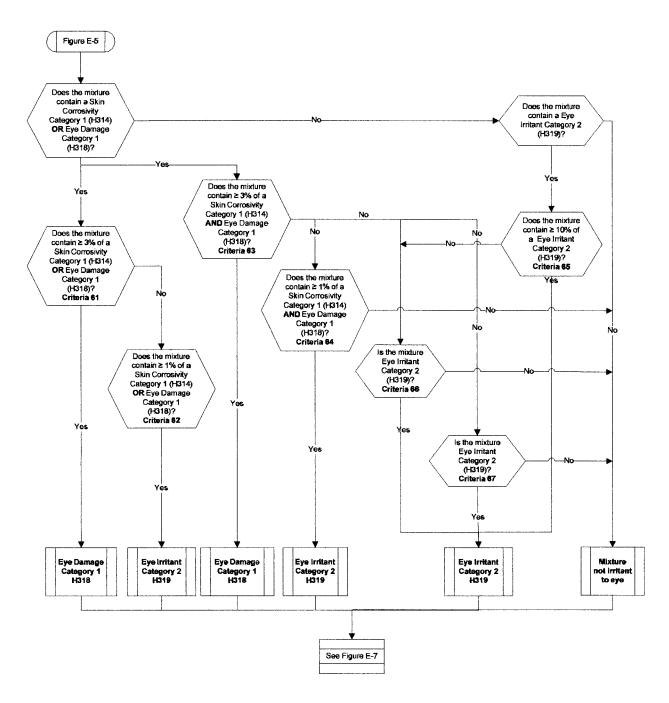


Figure E-6—Classification for health hazards (GHS Chapter 3.3: serious eye damage/eye irritation)

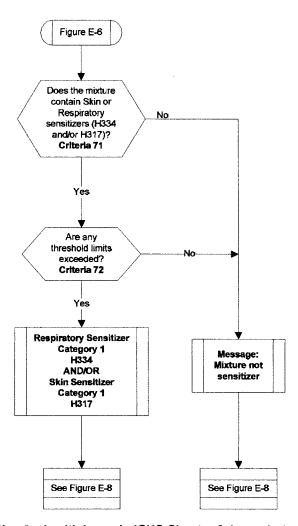


Figure E-7—Classification for health hazards (GHS Chapter 3.4: respiratory or skin sensitization)

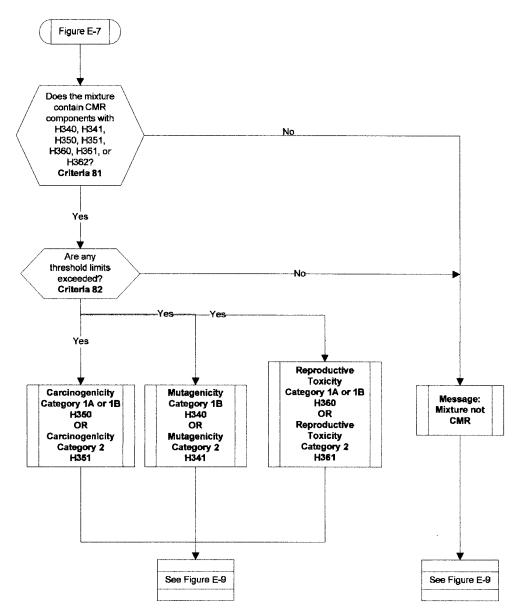


Figure E-8—Classification for health hazards (GHS Chapter 3.5: germ cell mutagenicity, GHS Chapter 3.6: carcinogenicity, GHS Chapter 3.7: reproductive toxicity)

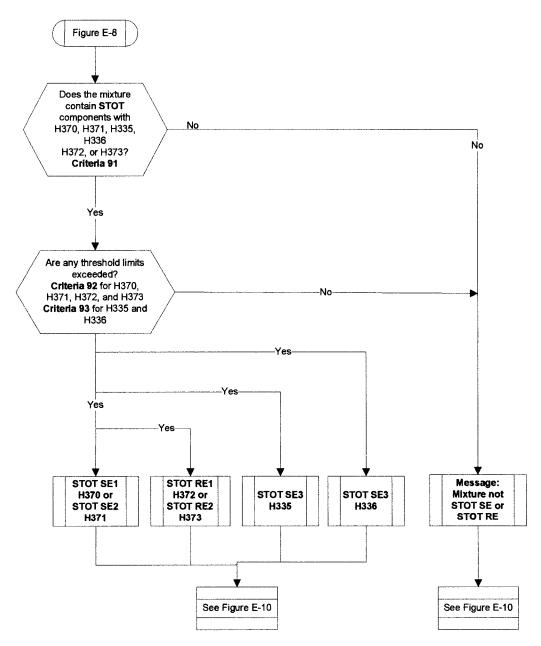


Figure E-9—Classification for health hazards (GHS Chapter 3.8: specific target organ toxicity—single exposure, GHS Chapter 3.9: specific target organ toxicity—repeated exposure)

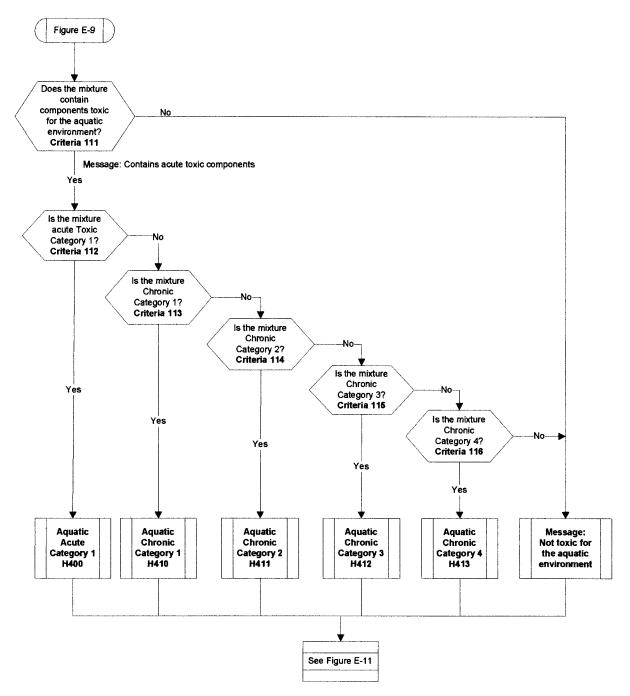
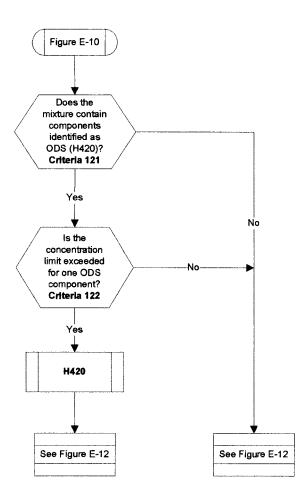


Figure E-10—Classification for environmental hazards (GHS Chapter 4.1: hazardous to the aquatic environment)—OPTIONAL



NOTE—For shipments within the United States, this mixture, because it contains a component that has an ozone depleting property, shall be labeled as follows: Warning: Contains (compound names), substances which harm the public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

Figure E-11—Classification for environmental hazards (GHS Chapter 4.2: hazardous for the ozone layer)

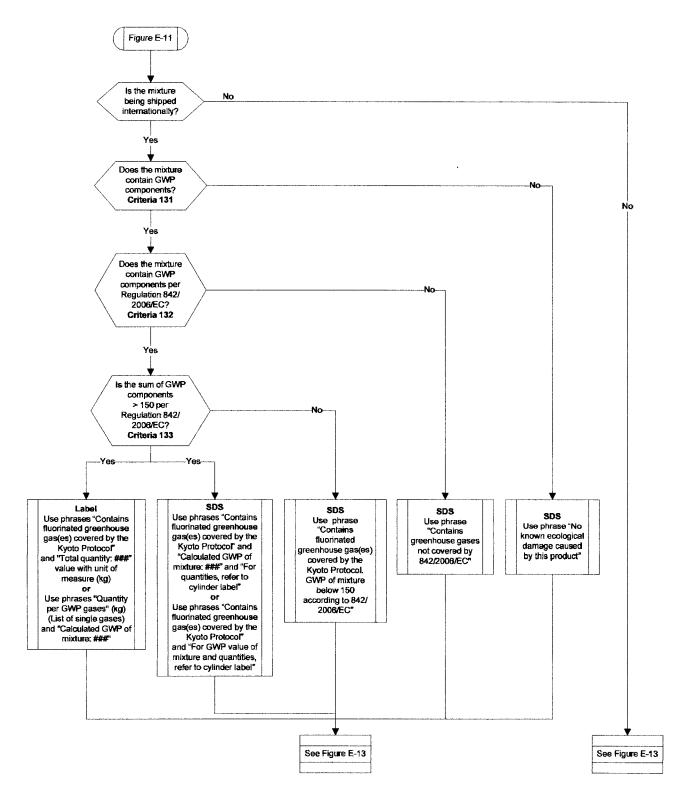


Figure E-12—Classification for environmental hazards (EC Directive 842/2006: effects on global warming—Applicable only to shipments to Europe)

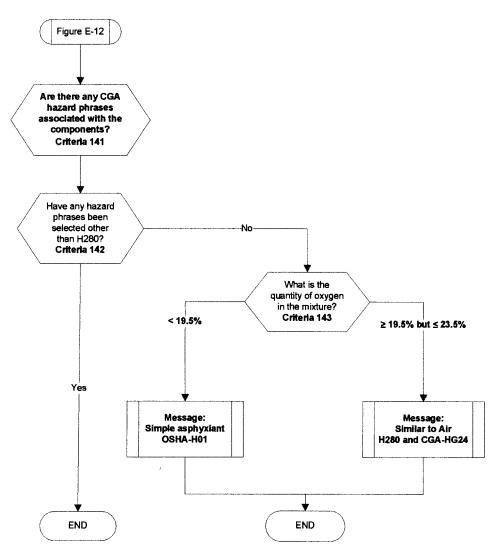


Figure E-13---Asphyxiant-AIR

Table E-1—Criteria for Appendix E Figures

Criteria #	Description			
Figure E-1 P	Physical state			
11	Mixtures that contain liquefied gases and liquids are classified as liquids if the vapor pressure of the mixture at 122 °F (50 °C) is not higher than 43.5 psia (300 kPa, abs).			
	The vapor pressure of the mixture can be approximated as the sum of the vapor pressures of the components times their relevant concentration (in mole %):			
	$Pvtot = \sum Pv_i \cdot X_i$			
	Where Pv_i is the vapor pressure of the i^{th} component and X_i is the concentration in molar fraction of the i^{th} component.			
12	If air is selected, it is split into oxygen and nitrogen in the following ratio:			
	X _i • 0.21 oxygen X _i • 0.79 nitrogen			
49				
13	If Σ ($X_i \cdot Tk_i$) > 223K –58 °F (–50 °C), the gas mixture is a liquefied gas. Tk is the critical temperature of the gas component in Kelvin.			
	and E-3 Flammability and oxy-potential			
20	All components shall have either a K_i , Tc_i , or C_i value.			
21	Does the mixture contain components with $Tc_i > 0$?			
22	Does the mixture contain components with $C_i > 0$?			
	If yes, message: "contains flammable and oxidizing components".			
23	For each flammable component in the mixture, determine the normalized concentration without oxidizing components using the following formula: A:			
	A _i 100 –% Oxidizer •100%			
	ISO 10156:2010-Clause 3.3 or ISO 10156:1996-Clause 4.6.1 [6, 12]:			
	1. $\sum (X_i \circ K_i)$ for mixture components, which have a Kb value			
	Σ (X _i) for mixture components, which have a Tci value			
	2. Adjustment of the proportions to reach a sum of 100%			
	3. $\sum \frac{NewX_i}{T_{ci}}$ for all flammable components.			
	If the value computed is > 1, the mixture is flammable.			
24	All flammable gases are identified with Flammable Gas Category 2, GHS H221.			
25	Pyrophoric gases are identified with phrase GHS H250;			
	ΣX_i for components with phrase GHS H250;			
	If the result is > 1, the mixture is pyrophoric.			
26	For international shipments, use ISO 10156:2010–Clause 4.3.1 [6]			
	If oxidizing power (OP) > 23.5, the mixture is more oxidizing than air.			
	For domestic shipments, use ISO 10156:1996-Clause 5.3 [12]			
	If OP is > 23.5, the mixture is more oxidizing than air.			
27	The mixture falls into the limits of concentrations to be identified as a distinct UN number and not as a NOS position (see P200 from the UN <i>Model Regulations</i>) [13]. NOTE—This criteria pertains primarily to ethylene oxide mixtures.			
	,,			

NOTE—This criteria is applicable for international shipments using ISO 10156:2010 [6]. The sum of the flammable components is greater than 0.25%. NOTE—This criteria is applicable for international shipments using ISO 10156:2010 [6]. The L _I and T _C flamox are exceeded T _{GI} (flamox) = T _{GI} • (\frac{1-\infty}{2\infty}) For mixture containing more than one flammable component: T _C (mix) = \frac{\sumeq A_I}{\sumeq \left(\frac{A}{I_C}\right)}}{\sumeq \left(\frac{A}{I_C}\right)} where A _I are the concentrations in mole % of the flammable components. Same as criteria 23 where the nonflammable partially halogenated hydrocarbons are considered as flammable components with Tc values between brackets in Table 4.2 from EIGA Doc 169/13 [14]. NOTE—This criteria is applicable for international shipments using ISO 10156:2010 [8]. For mixture containing more than one flammable component: LOQ(mix) = \frac{\sumeq A_I}{\sumeq \left(\frac{A}{LOC}\right)} where A _I are the concentrations in mole % of the flammable components. The mixture containing more than one flammable components. LEU(mix) = \frac{\sumeq A_I}{\sumeq \left(\frac{A}{LEL}\right)} where A _I are the concentrations in mole % of the flammable components. The mixture is flammable if the sum of the flammable components > LEL(mix). The sum of the flammable components is adjusted with a normalization factor for inert gases other than nitrogen: Normalization factor F = \frac{1}{1+\sumeq \sumeq (K_K_I - 1)B_K} Where B _K is the inert gas concentration and K _K the coefficient of equivalency 134 ISO 10156:1996 - Clause 4.6.2.2, Condition 2 [12]		T				
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For mixture containing more than one flammable component: $T_{c}(\text{mix}) = \frac{\sum A_{l}}{\sum \left(\frac{A}{I_{c}}\right)_{l}}$ where A_{l} are the concentrations in mole % of the flammable components. 31 Same as criteria 23 where the nonflammable partially halogenated hydrocarbons are considered as flammable components with Tc values between brackets in Table 4.2 from EIGA Doc 169/13 [14]. NOTE—This criteria is applicable for international shipments using ISO 10156:2010 [6]. 32 For mixture containing more than one flammable component: $LOQ(mix) = \frac{\sum A_{l}}{\sum \left(\frac{A}{LOC}\right)_{l}}$ where A_{l} are the concentrations in mole % of the flammable components. 33 For mixture containing more than one flammable component: $LEU(mix) = \frac{\sum A_{l}}{\sum \left(\frac{A}{LEL}\right)_{l}}$ where A_{l} are the concentrations in mole % of the flammable components. The mixture is flammable if the sum of the flammable components > LEL(mix). The sum of the flammable components is adjusted with a normalization factor for inert gases other than nitrogen: Normalization factor $F = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{P}{E}(K_{k} - 1)B_{k}}$ Where B_{k} is the inert gas concentration and K_{k} the coefficient of equivalency 34 ISO 10156:1996 – Clause 4.6.2.2, Condition 2 [12] The sum of the flammable gases in the initial mixture is greater than or equal to 90% of the LFL in air of the flammable gas mixture. This occurs when the following condition is fulfilled: $\sum \frac{A_{l}}{0.9 + L_{l}} = 100 \ge 1$ Where: A_{l} is the molar fraction of the i^{th} flammable gas L_{l} is the LFL in air of the i^{th} flammable gas L_{l} is the LFL in air of the i^{th} flammable gas L_{l} is the LFL in air of the flammable gas L_{l} is the LFL in air of the flammable gas L_{l} is the LFL in air of the flammable gas L_{l} is the LFL in air of the flammable gas L_{l} is the LFL in air of the flammable gas		NOTE—This criteria is applicable for international shipments using ISO 10156:2010 [6].				
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Where B _k is the inert gas concentration and K _k the coefficient of equivalency ISO 10156:1996 – Clause 4.6.2.2, Condition 2 [12] The sum of the flammable gases in the initial mixture is greater than or equal to 90% of the LFL in air of the flammable gas mixture. This occurs when the following condition is fulfilled: ∑ A _i / 0.9 • L _i • 100 ≥ 1 Where: A _i is the molar fraction of the i th flammable gas L _i is the LFL in air of the i th flammable gas NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].		Normalization factor $F = \frac{1}{\rho}$				
ISO 10156:1996 – Clause 4.6.2.2, Condition 2 [12] The sum of the flammable gases in the initial mixture is greater than or equal to 90% of the LFL in air of the flammable gas mixture. This occurs when the following condition is fulfilled: ∑ A _i / 0.9 • L _i • 100 ≥ 1 Where: A _i is the molar fraction of the i th flammable gas L _i is the LFL in air of the i th flammable gas NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].		$ \begin{array}{c} 1 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (K_k - 1)B_k \\ k = 1 \end{array} $				
The sum of the flammable gases in the initial mixture is greater than or equal to 90% of the LFL in air of the flammable gas mixture. This occurs when the following condition is fulfilled: $\sum \frac{A_i}{0.9 \bullet L_i} \bullet 100 \ge 1$ Where: $A_i \text{ is the molar fraction of the } i^{th} \text{ flammable gas}$ $L_i \text{ is the LFL in air of the } i^{th} \text{ flammable gas}$ NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].		Where B_k is the inert gas concentration and K_k the coefficient of equivalency				
The sum of the flammable gases in the initial mixture is greater than or equal to 90% of the LFL in air of the flammable gas mixture. This occurs when the following condition is fulfilled: $\sum \frac{A_i}{0.9 \bullet L_i} \bullet 100 \ge 1$ Where: $A_i \text{ is the molar fraction of the } i^{th} \text{ flammable gas}$ $L_i \text{ is the LFL in air of the } i^{th} \text{ flammable gas}$ NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].	34					
Where: A _i is the molar fraction of the i th flammable gas L _i is the LFL in air of the i th flammable gas NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].		The sum of the flammable gases in the initial mixture is greater than or equal to 90% of the LFL in air of the flammable gas mixture. This occurs when the following condition is fulfilled:				
 A_i is the molar fraction of the ith flammable gas L_i is the LFL in air of the ith flammable gas NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12]. 		$\sum \frac{A_i}{0.9 \cdot L_i} \cdot 100 \ge 1$				
L _i is the LFL in air of the i th flammable gas NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].						
NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].						
		L _i is the LFL in air of the i th flammable gas				
Figure E-4 Acute toxicity		NOTE—This criterion is applicable for domestic shipments using ISO 10156:1996 [12].				
	Figure E-4	Acute toxicity				

Does the mixture contain components with H330, H331, or H332 and with LC ₅₀ /4 hour value (ATE)?				
Calculate ATE of the mixture				
$\frac{100}{ATE_{mix}} = \sum_{i} \frac{C_i}{ATE_i}$				
AIE mix n AIE;				
If the LC ₅₀ values are maintained in rat/1 hour, the threshold limits in criteria 42, 43, 44 and 45 should be multiplied by 2 to convert the value to LC ₅₀ /4 hour.				
If ATE _{mix} ≤ 20 000 ppm, the mixture is not Acute Toxic				
If ATE _{mix} ≤ 2500 ppm, the mixture is Acute Toxicity Category 4				
If ATE _{mix} ≤ 500 ppm, the mixture is Acute Toxicity Category 3				
If ATE $_{mix}$ < 100 ppm, the mixture is Acute Toxicity Category 2 otherwise, the mixture is Acute Toxicity Category 1				
cin corrosion/irritation				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Category 1A components ≥ 5%, the mixture is Skin Corrosivity Category 1A				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Categories 1A + 1B components ≥ 5%, the mixture is Skin Corrosivity Category 1B				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Categories 1A + 1B + 1C components ≥ 5%, the mixture is Skin Corrosivity Category 1C				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Category 1 components ≥ 1% but < 5%, the mixture is Skin Irritant Category 2				
If the sum of Skin Imitation Category 2 components ≥ 10%, the mixture is Skin Imitant Category 2				
If (10 • \sum Skin Corrosivity Category 1 concentration) + \sum Skin Imitation Category 2 concentration is \geq 10%, the mixture is classified Skin Imitant Category 2.				
The following formula shall be used in cases where Specific Concentration Limits (SCL) are defined for one or more components but can be used in all cases:				
The mixture is classified for skin corrosion/imtation if the				
Sum of (ConcA / clA) + (ConcB / clB) ++ (ConcZ / clZ) is ≥ 1				
Where ConcA = the concentration of substance A in the mixture;				
clA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered:				
ConcB = the concentration of substance B in the mixture;				
clB = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc.				
See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15].				
erious eye damage/eye irritation				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Category 1 components OR Eye Damage Category 1 components ≥ 3%, the mixture is Eye Damage Category 1 GHS H318				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Category 1 components OR Eye Damage Category 1 components ≥ 1% but < 3%, mixture is Eye Irritant Category 2 GHS H319				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Category 1 components AND Eye Damage Category 1 components ≥ 3%, mixture is Eye Damage Category 1 GHS H318				
If the sum of Skin Corrosivity Category 1 components AND Eye Damage Category 1 components ≥ 1% but < 3%, mixture is Eye Irritant Category 2 GHS H319				
If the sum of Eye Imitant Category 2 components ≥ 10%, mixture is Eye Imitant Category 2 GHS H319				
If the sum of Eye Damage Category 1 components • 10 plus the sum of Eye Irritant Category 2 components ≥ 10%, mixture is Eye Irritant Category 2 GHS H319				

10 plus sum Eye Irritant 2 components ≥ 10%, mixture is Eye Irritant Category 2 GHS H319 (10 • ∑ (Skin Corrosivity Category 1 AND Eye Damage Category 1) concentration) + ∑ Eye Irritant Category 2 concentration ≥ 10% is a Eye Irritant Category 2 The following formula shall be used in case where Specific Concentration Limits (SCL) are de for one or more components but can be used in all cases: The mixture is classified for serious eye damage/eye irritation if the Sum of (ConcA / clA) + (ConcB / clB) + + (ConcZ / clZ) is ≥ 1 Where ConcA = the concentration of substance A in the mixture; clA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered; ConcB = the concentration in firm (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc. See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15]. Figure E-7 Respiratory or skin sensitization 71 Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317. 72 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture cassified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362. 81 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture satisfied Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2		
Category 2 concentration ≥ 10% is a Eye Irritant Category 2 The following formula shall be used in case where Specific Concentration Limits (SCL) are de for one or more components but can be used in all cases: The mixture is classified for serious eye damage/eye irritation if the Sum of (ConcA / clA) + (ConcB / clB) + + (ConcZ / clZ) is ≥ 1 Where ConcA = the concentration of substance A in the mixture; clA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered; ConcB = the concentration of substance B in the mixture; clB = the concentration in file (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc. See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15]. Figure E-7 Respiratory or skin sensitization 71 Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317. 72 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture cassified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, GHS H361, GHS H361, GHS H361, GHS H361, GHS H361, GHS H362. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1 A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If	67	If the sum of (Skin Corrosivity Category 1 components AND Eye Damage Category 1 components) • 10 plus sum Eye Irritant 2 components ≥ 10%, mixture is Eye Irritant Category 2 GHS H319
for one or more components but can be used in all cases: The mixture is classified for serious eye damage/eye irritation if the Sum of (ConcA / clA) + (ConcB / clB) + + (ConcZ / clZ) is ≥ 1 Where ConcA = the concentration of substance A in the mixture; clA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered; ConcB = the concentration of substance B in the mixture; clB = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc. See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15]. Figure E-7 Respiratory or skin sensitization 71 Mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Mutagen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is clied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is clied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is clied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any		(10 • ∑ (Skin Corrosivity Category 1 AND Eye Damage Category 1) concentration) + ∑ Eye Irritation Category 2 concentration ≥ 10% is a Eye Irritant Category 2
Sum of (ConcA / clA) + (ConcB / clB) ++ (ConcZ / clZ) is ≥ 1 Where ConcA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered; ConcB = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered; ConcB = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc. See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15]. Figure E-7 Respiratory or skin sensitization 71 Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317. 72 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 18 ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 18 ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 82 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1 or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture since field Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Parcoductive Toxicant Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2.		The following formula shall be used in case where Specific Concentration Limits (SCL) are defined for one or more components but can be used in all cases:
Where ConcA = the concentration of substance A in the mixture; cIA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered; ConcB = the concentration of substance B in the mixture; cIB = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc. See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15]. Figure E-7 Respiratory or skin sensitization 71 Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317. 172 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. 18 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. 19 If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. 10 If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is category 1. 11 Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 12 If mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 13 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is category 1. 14 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is category 2. 15 If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is category 2. 16 If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is category 3. 17 If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is catesified Reproductive Toxicant Category 1. 18 If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is catesified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. 19 Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.		The mixture is classified for serious eye damage/eye irritation if the
clA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard considered; ConcB = the concentration of substance B in the mixture; clB = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc. See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15]. Figure E-7 Respiratory or skin sensitization 71 Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317. 172 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 82 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Mutagen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥		Sum of (ConcA / clA) + (ConcB / clB) ++ (ConcZ / clZ) is ≥ 1
clB = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance B; etc. See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15]. Figure E-7 Respiratory or skin sensitization 71 Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317. 72 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is class Mutagen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2.		clA = the concentration limit (either specific or generic) for substance A for the hazard
The mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction The mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture assified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 82 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 2 ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is classified Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2.		, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 71 Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317. 72 If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 82 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 2 ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is classified Carcinogen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is cfied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture category 1 = 0.1%, then the mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture category 2 = 0.1%, then the mixture category 2		See ISO 13338:1995 for additional information [15].
If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixtuclassified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixtuclassified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixtuclassified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 2 ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is clas Mutagen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2.	Figure E-7 Re	espiratory or skin sensitization
mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 2 ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is class Mutagen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is c fied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2.	71	Mixture contains respiratory or skin sensitizing components with GHS H334 and/or GHS H317.
ture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixtic classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixtic classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixtic classified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 2 ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is clas Mutagen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is clied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is clied Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant	72	If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1 or 1A ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1.
classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Skin Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture classified Skin Sensitizer Category 1. Figure E-8 Mutagenicity, carcinogenicity and toxic for reproduction 81 The mixture contains CMR components with GHS H340, GHS H341, GHS H350, GHS H351, H360, GHS H361, or GHS H362 82 If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 1A or 1B ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture classified Mutagen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Mutagen Category 2 ≥ 1.0%, then the mixture is class Mutagen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Carcinogen Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Carcinogen Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Carcinogen Category 2. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 1 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 1. If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2. Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant		If mixture contains a component that is a Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1B ≥ 0.2%, then the mixture is classified Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1.
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		If mixture contains a component that is a Reproductive Toxicant Category 2 ≥ 0.1%, then the mixture is classified Reproductive Toxicant Category 2.
Figure E-9 STOT- single exposure and STOT-repeated exposure		Any other category effects on or via lactation ≥ 0.1% classifies mixture as a Reproductive Toxicant.
	Figure E-9 ST	OT- single exposure and STOT-repeated exposure
91 The mixture contains STOT Single Exposure or STOT Repeated exposure with H370, H371, H H336, H372, or H373.	91	The mixture contains STOT Single Exposure or STOT Repeated exposure with H370, H371, H335, H336, H372, or H373.

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Figure E-12 Effects on global warming (Applicable only to shipments to Europe) 131 Mixture contains components with Global Warming Potential (GWP) value not equal to zero.			
131 Mixture contains components with Global Warming Potential (GWP) value not equal to zero.			
132 Are GWP components listed in EC Directive 842/2006 [19]?			
133 Is the GWP of the mixture > 150?			
The GWP of the mixture shall be calculated as follows:			
$\sum (C_{GWP} (W \%) \times GWP_{value})$			
CGWP (W%) = CGWP (VoL%) • MWG/SUM (CIXMWI)			
Figure E-13 Simple asphyxiant per OSHA			
141 Review CGA C-7:2014 for appropriate hazard statements for mixture components.			
142 Mixture is hazardous (contains at least one GHS hazard statement other than GHS H280).			
Quantity of oxygen in the mixture			
If < 19.5% : Simple Asphyxiant (UN 1956 for transport)			
If ≥ 19.5% but ≤ 23.5% similar to air (UN 1002 if only oxygen and nitrogen; otherwise UN 1956 for transport)			

Appendix F—CGA 360 degree wrap around product guide for DOT-4L/TC-4LM and similar cylinders (Normative)

This appendix contains the requirement for 360 degree wrap around product decals for DOT-4L/TC-4LM and similar cylinders designed for cryogenic liquids. This decal is in addition to the product label containing hazard warnings and precautionary information, and transportation symbols.

Appendix F does not apply to:

- Large cryogenic vessels permanently mounted in vehicles;
- Small liquid oxygen cryogenic units used by patients for medical purposes; or
- Open topped nitrogen dewars.

F.1 General recommendations

Each container designed for cryogenic liquids, except those described previously as non-applicable, should be marked with a 360 degree decal to identify its contents. The decal should be marked continuously with the liquid product identification. The decal should be sized (minimum 2 in [51 mm] high letters) and spaced so that it is visible from all sides when not obstructed. Placement should be horizontal and just below the upper circumferential weld adhering to the cylinder sidewall. See Figure F-1 for an illustration of the decal (industrial oxygen is used as an example). See CGA SB-26, Cylinder Connections on Portable Liquid Cryogenic Cylinders, for additional requirements for these types of containers [18].

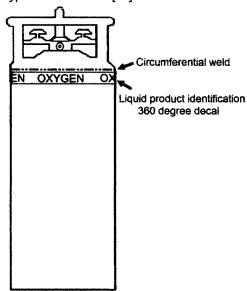


Figure F-1—Example of industrial cryogenic identity decal

F.2 Requirements for medical products

Large portable cryogenic containers of medical product shall be identified as follows:

- For oxygen—MEDICAL OXYGEN or OXYGEN, USP;
- For nitrogen—MEDICAL NITROGEN or NITROGEN, NF;
- For nitrous oxide—MEDICAL NITROUS OXIDE or NITROUS OXIDE, USP; or
- For carbon dioxide—MEDICAL CARBON DIOXIDE or CARBON DIOXIDE, USP.

F.3 Requirements for industrial products

Large portable cryogenic containers of industrial product shall be identified as follows:

- For oxygen—OXYGEN or OXYGEN,LIQUID or equivalent;
- For neon—NEON or NEON, LIQUID or equivalent;
- For nitrogen—NITROGEN or NITROGEN, LIQUID or equivalent;
- For nitrous oxide—NITROUS OXIDE or NITROUS OXIDE, LIQUID or equivalent;
- For helium—HELIUM or HELIUM, LIQUID or equivalent;
- For hydrogen—HYDROGEN or HYDROGEN, LIQUID or equivalent;
- For argon—ARGON or ARGON, LIQUID or equivalent; or
- For carbon dioxide—CARBON DIOXIDE or CARBON DIOXIDE, LIQUID or equivalent.

Appendix G—CGA-recommended hazard and precautionary phrases (Normative)

CGA developed the following phrases to convey additional information or to further clarify the hazards. Also listed are the equivalent GHS/OSHA codes that are being supplemented as appropriate.

Hazard Phrase Code	Equivalent GHS/OSHA Code	Phrase	Used on
OSHA-H01	OSHA	MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG01	None	MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG03	None	MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG04	None	MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG08	None	BURNS WITH INVISIBLE FLAME.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG10	None	ASPHYXIATING EVEN WITH ADEQUATE OXYGEN.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG11	None	SYMPTOMS MAY BE DELAYED.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG13	P220	COMBUSTIBLES IN CONTACT WITH LIQUID OXYGEN MAY EXPLODE ON IGNITION OR IMPACT.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG16	None	EXTENDED EXPOSURE TO GAS REDUCES THE ABILITY TO SMELL SULFIDES.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG22	H370	CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG23	None	EXTREMELY REACTIVE.	Label and SDS
CGA-HG24	None	SUPPORTS COMBUSTION.	Label and SDS
Precautionary Phrase Code	Equivalent GHS/OSHA Code	Phrase	Used on
OSHA-PG01	OSHA	DO NOT REMOVE THIS PRODUCT LABEL (or equivalent wording).	Label
CGA-PG02	P410	Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52 °C (125 °F).	Label and SDS
CGA-PG05	P201	Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG06	P201	Close valve after each use and when empty.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG10	P201	Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG11	P403	Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG12	P201	Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG13	P201	Fusible plugs in top, bottom, or valve melt at 98 °C to 107 °C (208 °F to 224 °F). Do not discharge at pressures above 15 psi (103 kPa).	Label and SDS
CGA-PG17	P231	Use only with equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG18	P201	When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG20	P201	Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG21	P201	Open valve slowly.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG22	P201	Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG23	P401	Always keep container in upright position.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG24	P201	DO NOT change or force fit connections.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG26	P201	Use insulated hoses and piping to avoid condensation of oxygenrich liquid air.	Label and SDS

Precautionary Phrase Code	Equivalent GHS/OSHA Code	Phrase	Used on
CGA-PG27	P106	Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use.	Label
CGA-PG28	P201	Avoid spills. Do not walk on or roll equipment over spills.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG29	None	Do not depend on odor to detect presence of gas.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG31	P235+P411	Decomposition Hazard: Store under dry ice.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG32	P201	Use only with equipment passivated before use.	Label and SDS
CGA-PG33	P201	Use behind barricades with remote extensions on valves and regulators.	Label and SDS
CGA-MP01	P304+P340 +P313	IF ACCIDENTLY INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.	Label and SDS

Alphabetical index of gas labels

Gas	Pages
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro-2,2-difluoroethane (R112a)	16
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)	15
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro-1,2-difluoroethane (R112)	16
1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoro-1-Chioroethane (R124a)	16
1,1-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (R114a)	16
1,1-Difluoroethane (R152a)	19
1,2-Dibromotetrafluoroethane (R114B2)	15
1,2-Dichlorodifluoroethylene (R1112a)	15
1,2-Dichlorohexafluorocyclobutane (RC316	15
1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (R114)	16
1,3-Butadiene	29
1-Butene	19
1-Chloro-1,1-Difluoroethane (R142b)	19
1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (R124)	16
1-Chloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane (R133a)	16
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Chloroheptafluorocyclobutane (RC317)	15
Chloropentafluoroethane (R115)	16
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Ethyl Acetylene	•	19
Ethyl Chloride		32
Ethyl Methyl Ether		31
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Ethylene Oxide		58
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Gaseous and Liquid Nitrogen NF		87
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Hydrogen Bromide		60
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Hydrogen lodide	•	60
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Monomethylamine	74
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